



A two-season impact study of ASCAT surface wind retrievals in the NCEP Global Data Assimilation System

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James Jung

Michael Morgan

Steve Ackerman



10 June 2008

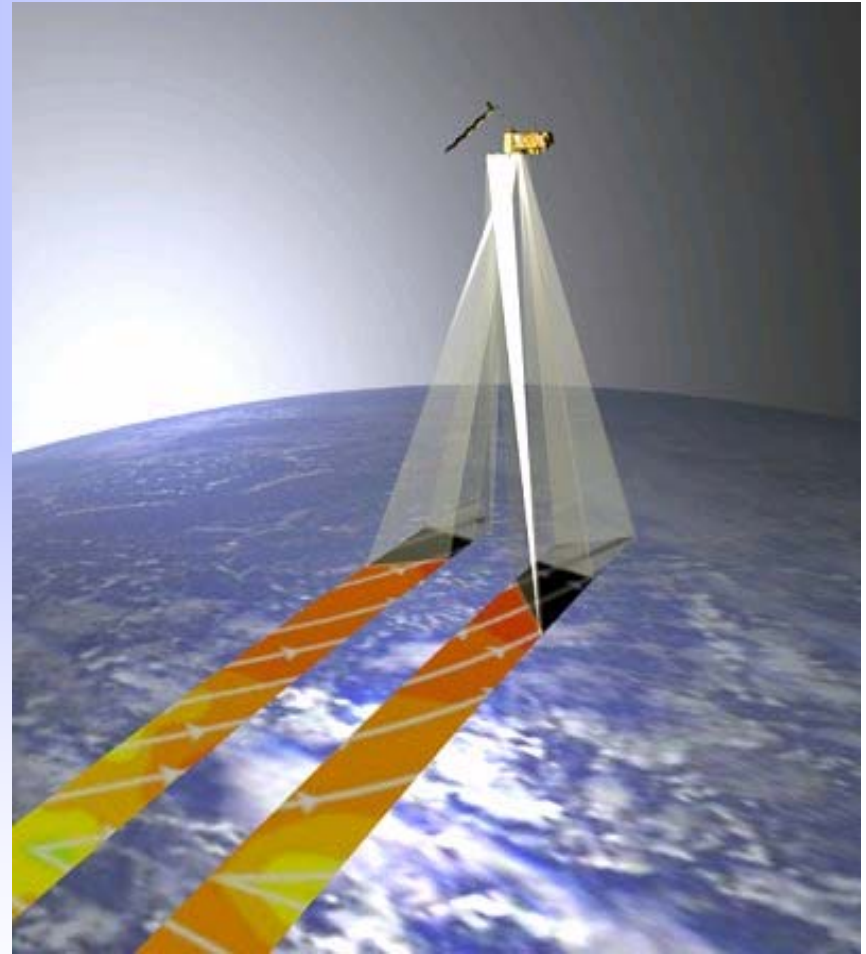


Outline

- ASCAT overview and work progress
 - Sensor overview
 - Experiment design
- Results from ASCAT analysis
- Results from forecast verification
 - Traditional stats diagnosis and anomaly correlation results
 - Forecast impact investigations
- Conclusions
- Future work

ASCAT Overview

- The Advanced Scatterometer (ASCAT) is one of the new-generation European instruments carried on Meteorological Operational Polar Satellite (MetOp)
- Measures ocean surface wind speed and direction
- Launched aboard MetOp in October 2006



ASCAT scanning principle

ASCAT Overview

- ASCAT uses radar to measure the electromagnetic backscatter from the wind-roughened ocean surface.
- The ASCAT mission employs two sets of three antennas to make observations in two 550 km wide swaths
- ASCAT products will provide two swaths of wind vectors at a resolution of 50 and 25 km.
- Two wind vector solutions instead of four (QuikSCAT and WindSat).

Proposed Work

- Work with the JCSDA (Joint Center for Satellite Data Assimilation) to evaluate the forecast impact of assimilating ASCAT data in the NCEP GDAS/GFS
- Conduct experiments during two seasons
- Use the latest versions of the GDAS/GFS
- Use the high resolution ASCAT data
- Determine quality control procedures
- Investigate analysis and forecast impacts of assimilating ASCAT
 - Anomaly Correlations
 - Forecast Impact

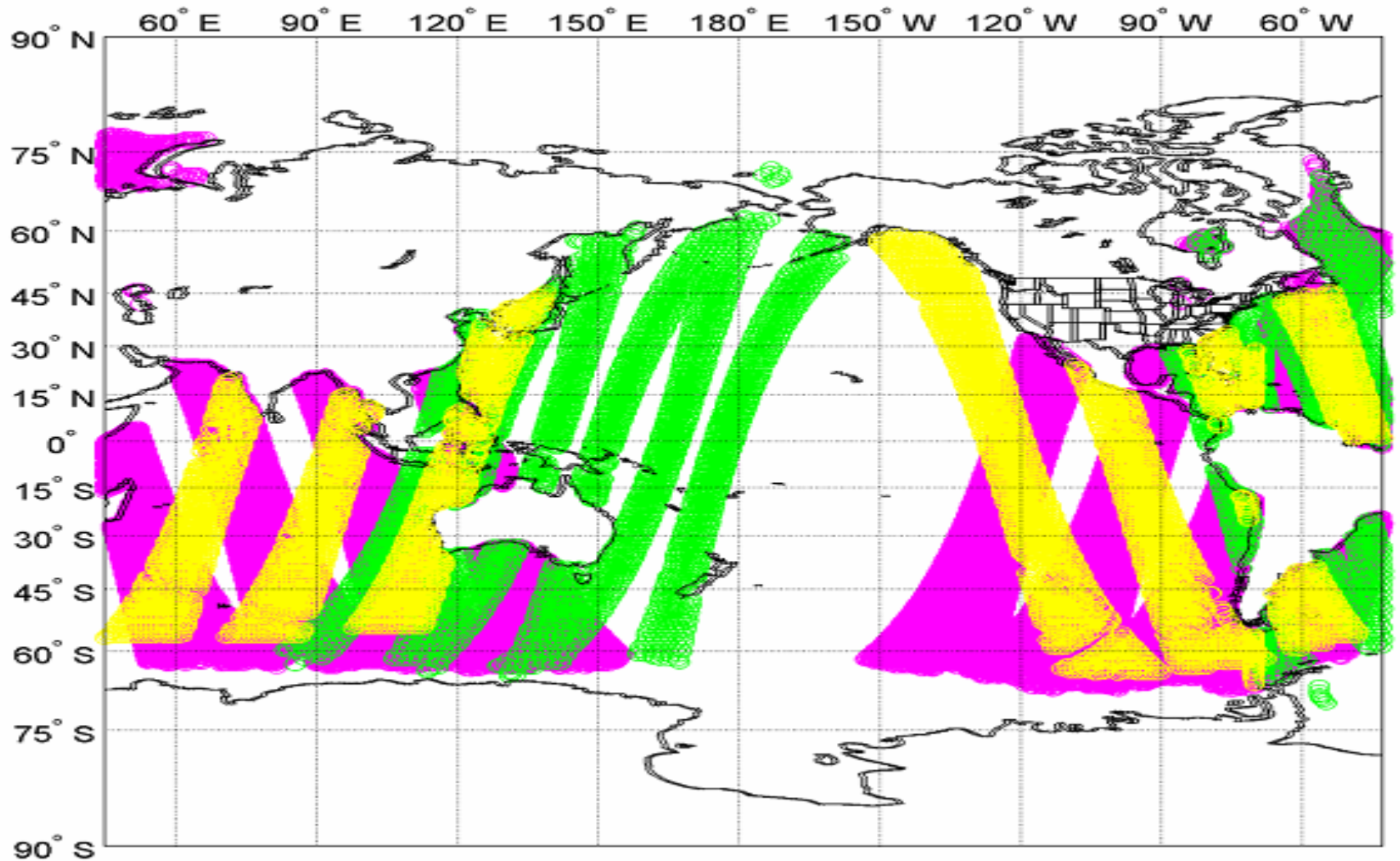
ASCAT Assimilation Experimental Design

- December 2007 version of GDAS/GFS with modifications for:
 - Thinning routine for winds (Kistler, Su)
 - FOTO (first order time interpolation) (Derber, Treadon, Kleist, et al.)
- Used GDAS/GFS operational resolution of T382L64
- Used July-August 2007 and December 2007 – January 2008 data
- All operational data types were used including QuikSCAT (WindSat is not used in operations yet).

ASCAT Assimilation Experimental Design Continued

- High resolution (25km) ASCAT data used
- Data used at 6 hour synoptic time with +/- 3 hour window
- Thinned instead of superobed ASCAT data
 - Thinned to 100 km
- ASCAT quality control:
 - Non-ocean observations rejected (GFS land, sea, ice flag)
 - Observations that differ by more than 5 m/s from the background are rejected (U, V).

ASCAT, WindSat, QuikSCAT orbit 20071205 00Z

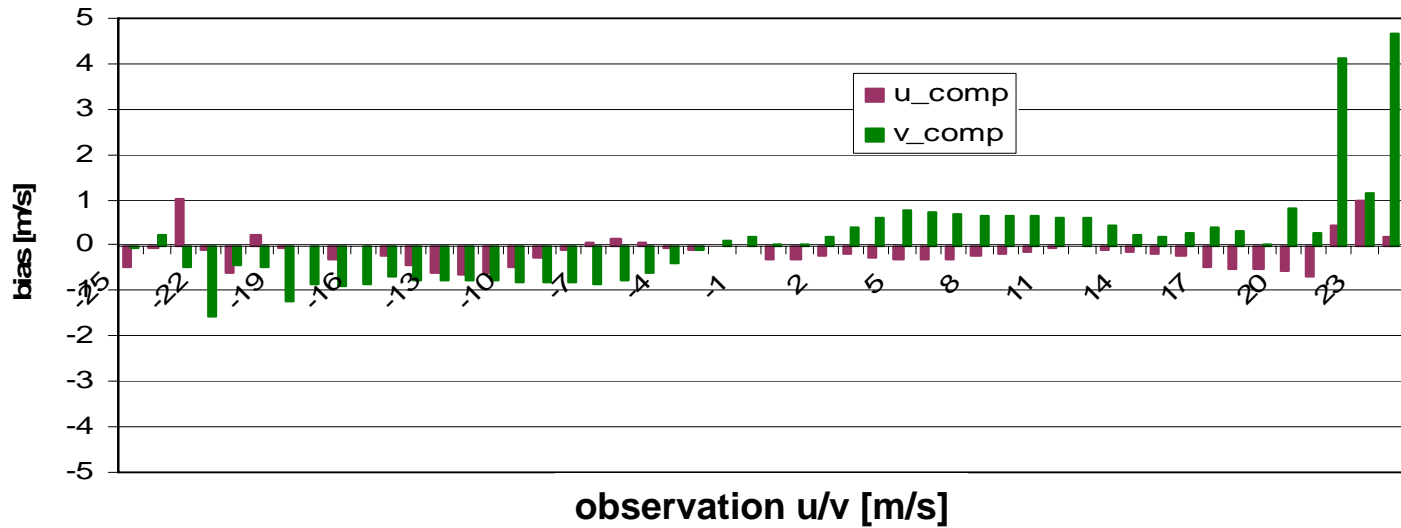


— ASCAT — WindSat — QuikSCAT

ASCAT statistics results of Aug 2007 and Jan 2008

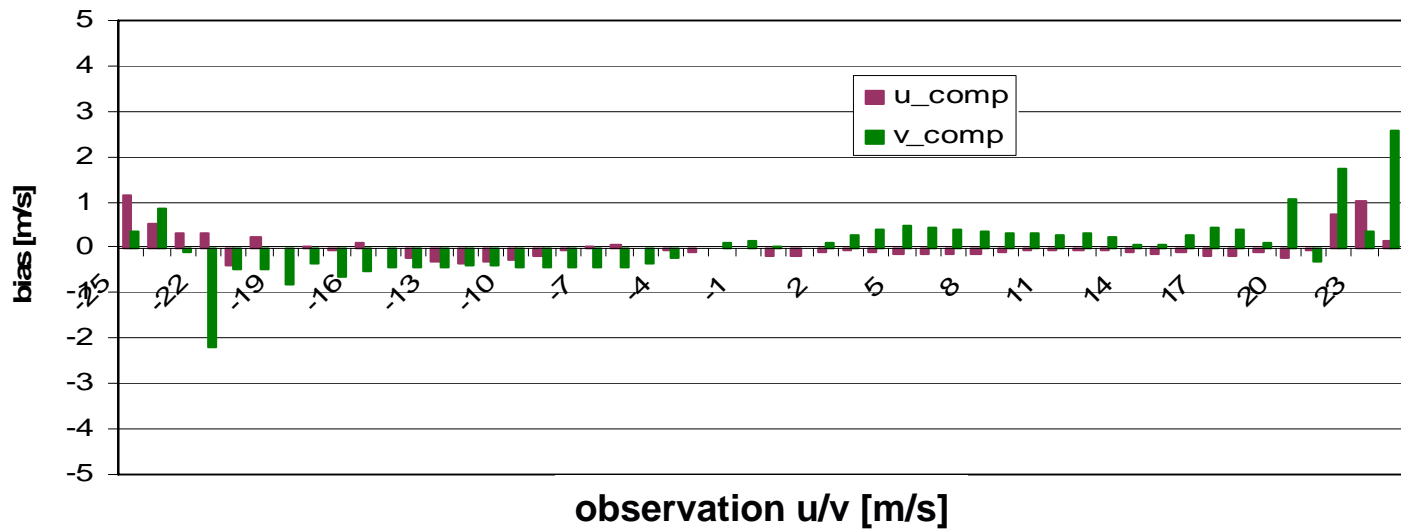
- By bins in terms of observation wind speed and observation u/v of O-B and O-A
 - u/v and wind speed counts
 - u/v and wind speed bias
 - u/v and wind speed standard deviation
 - u/v and wind speed RMS

ASCAT experiment U,V by bins bias
obs-background 100km 1-31 Jan 2008



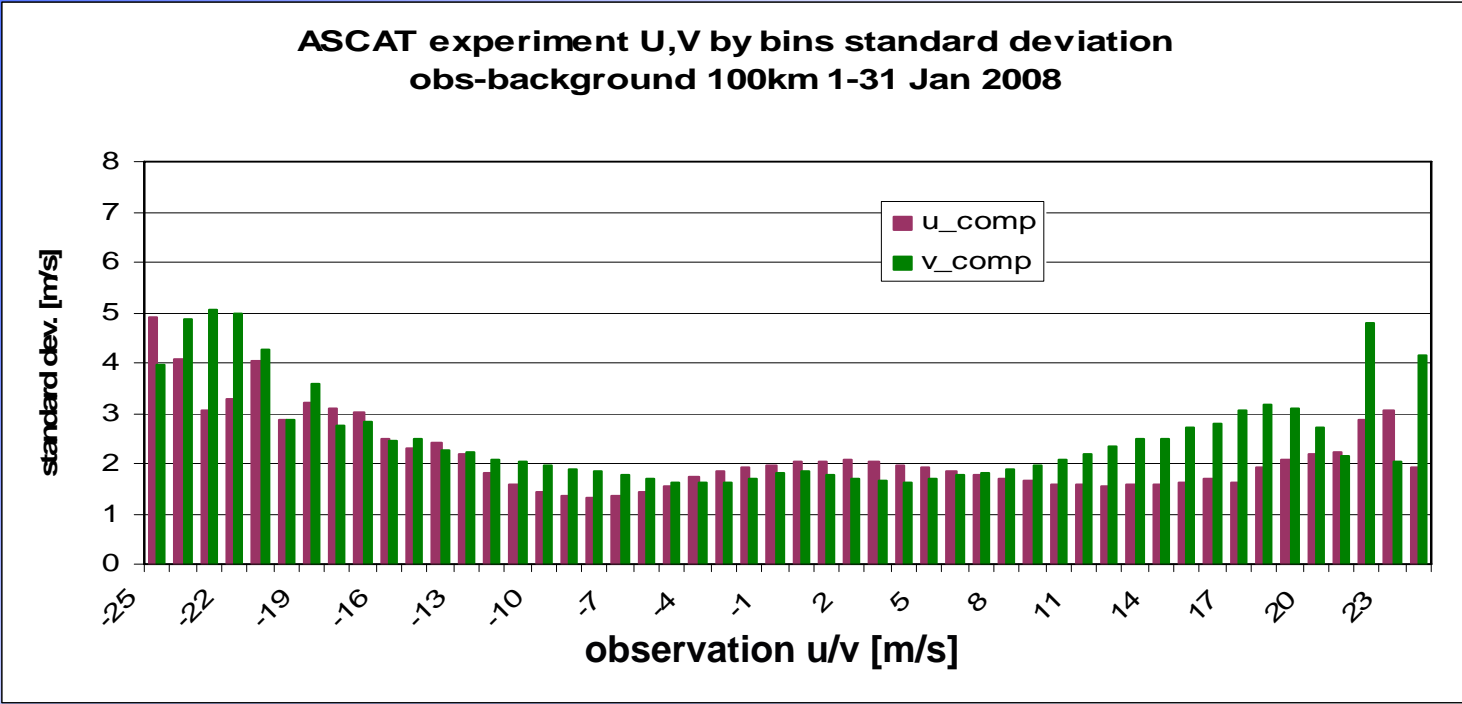
O-B →

ASCAT experiment U,V by bins bias
obs-analysis 100km 1-31 Jan 2008

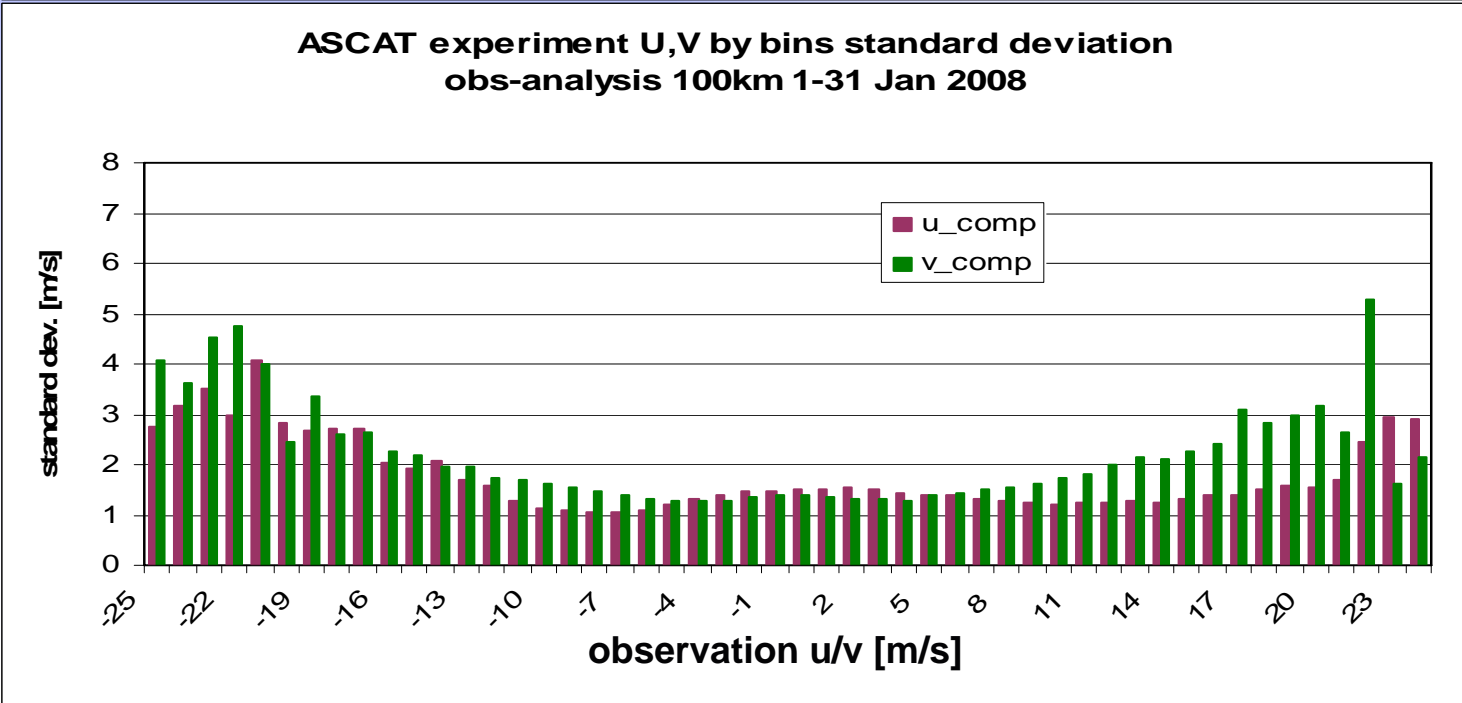


O-A →

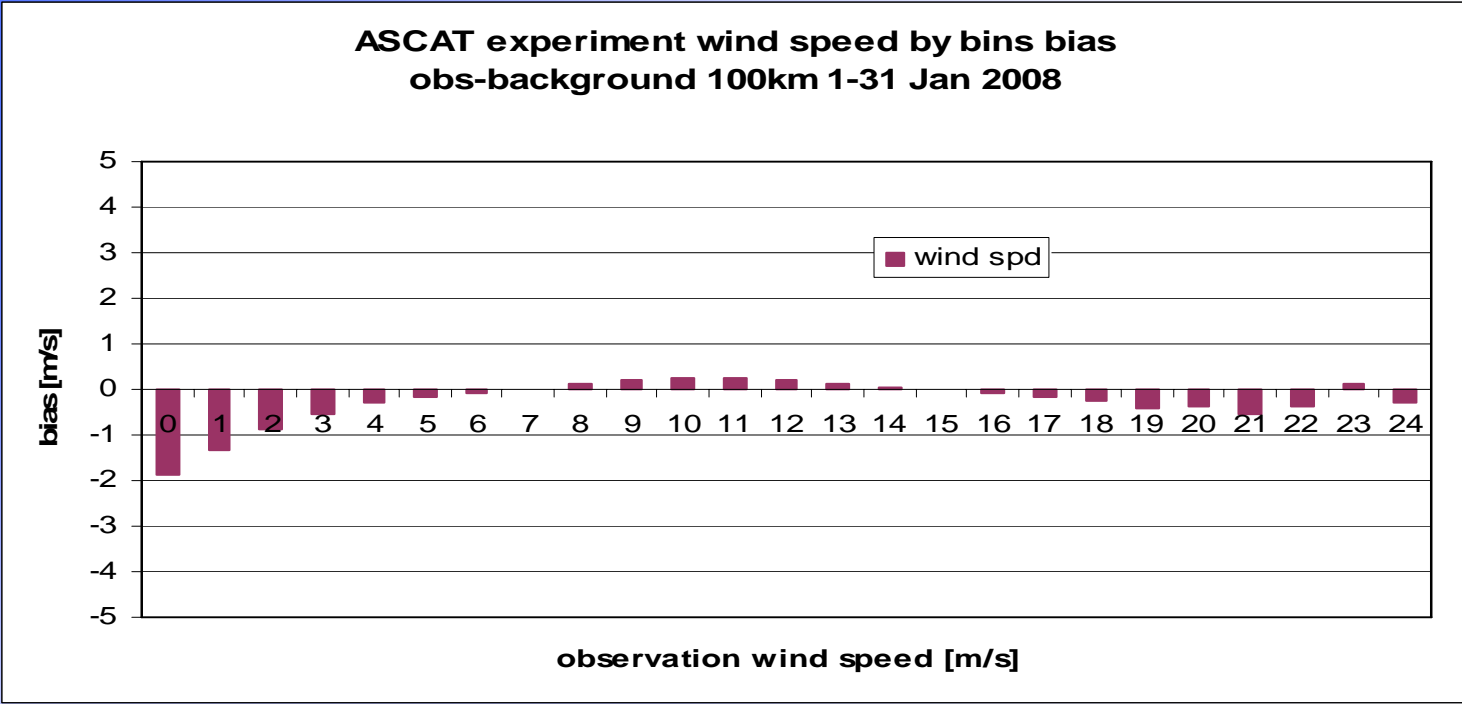
O-B →



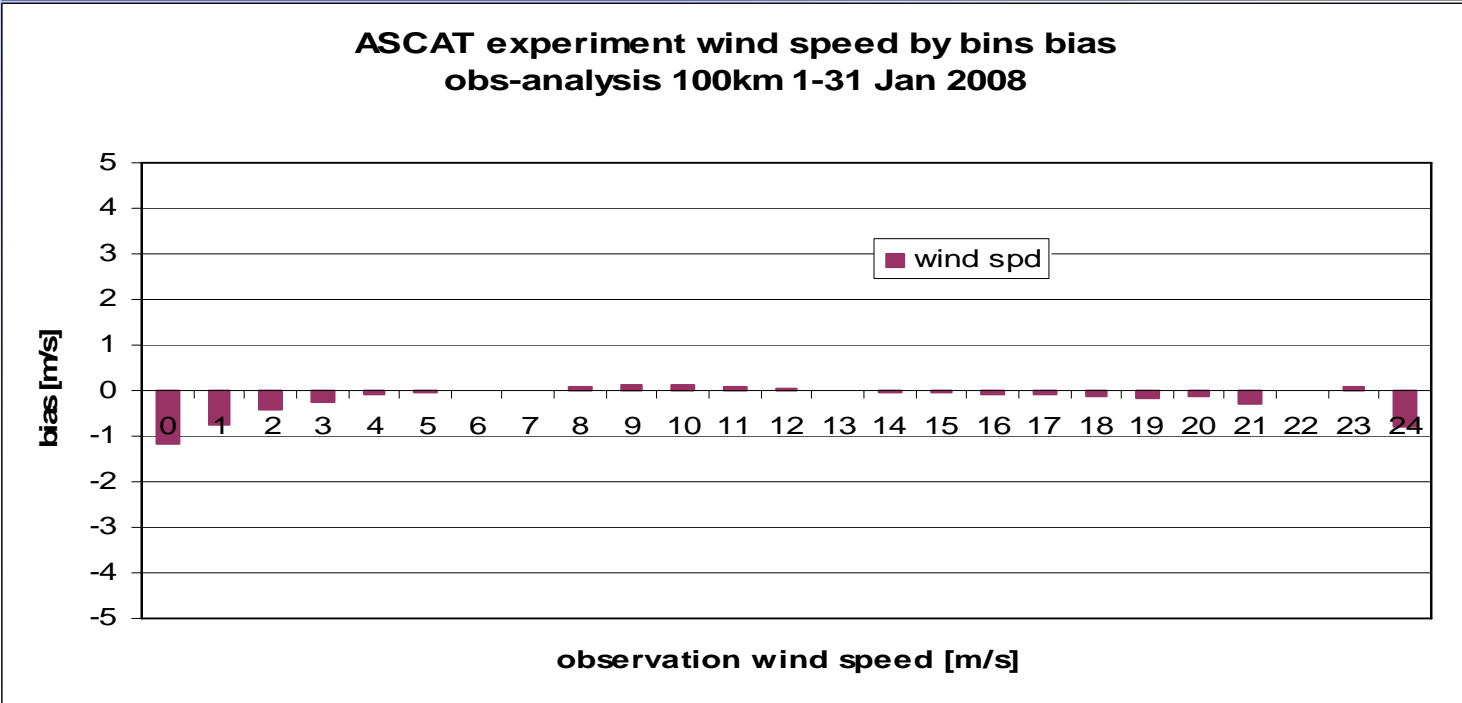
O-A →



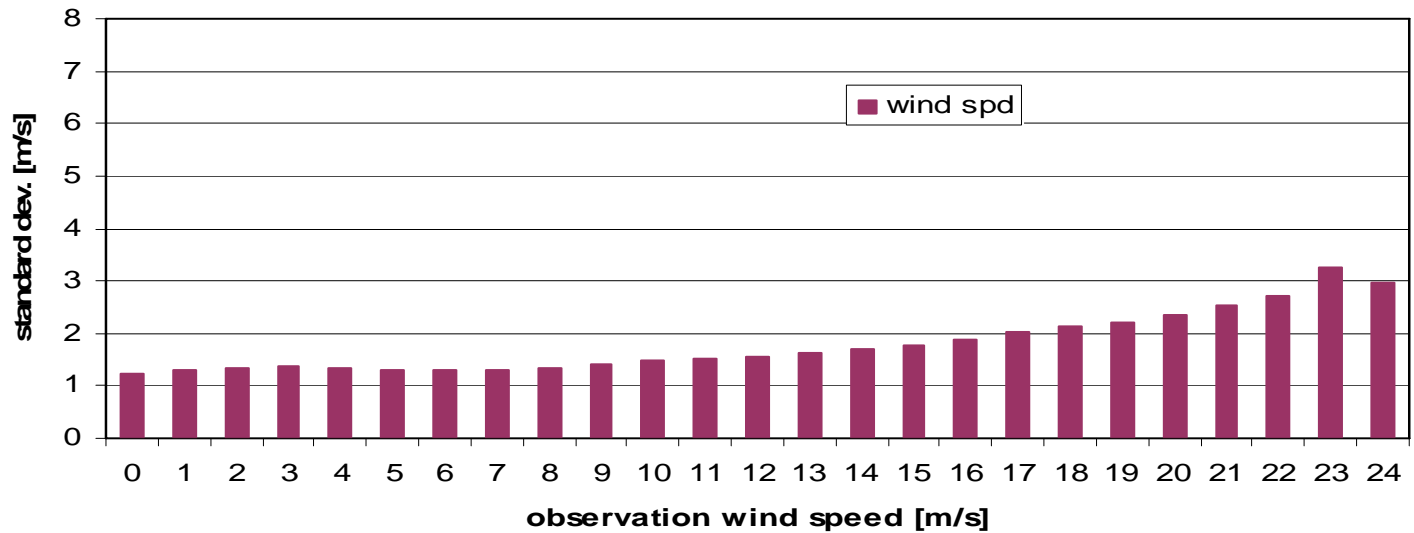
O-B →



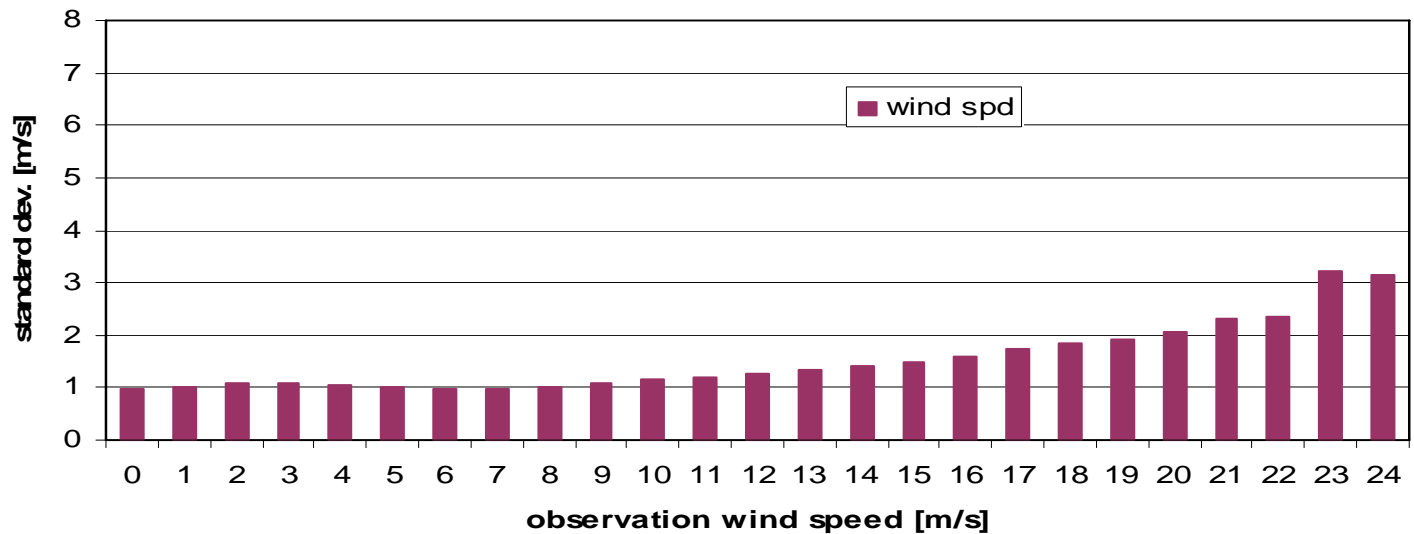
O-A →



**ASCAT experiment wind speed by bins standard deviation
obs-background 100km 1-31 Jan 2008**



**ASCAT experiment wind speed by bins standard deviation
obs-analysis 100km 1-31 Jan 2008**



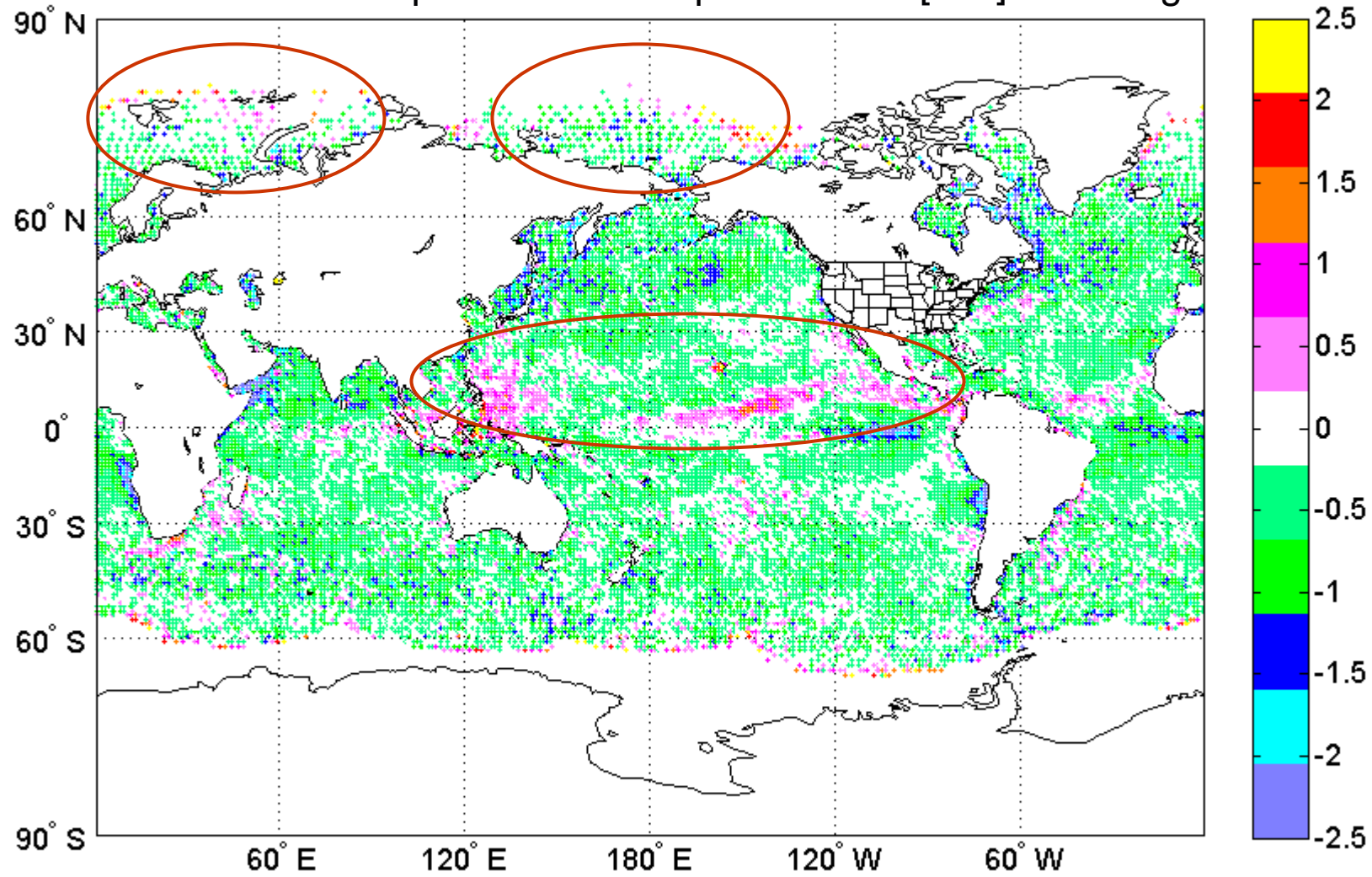
O-B →

O-A →

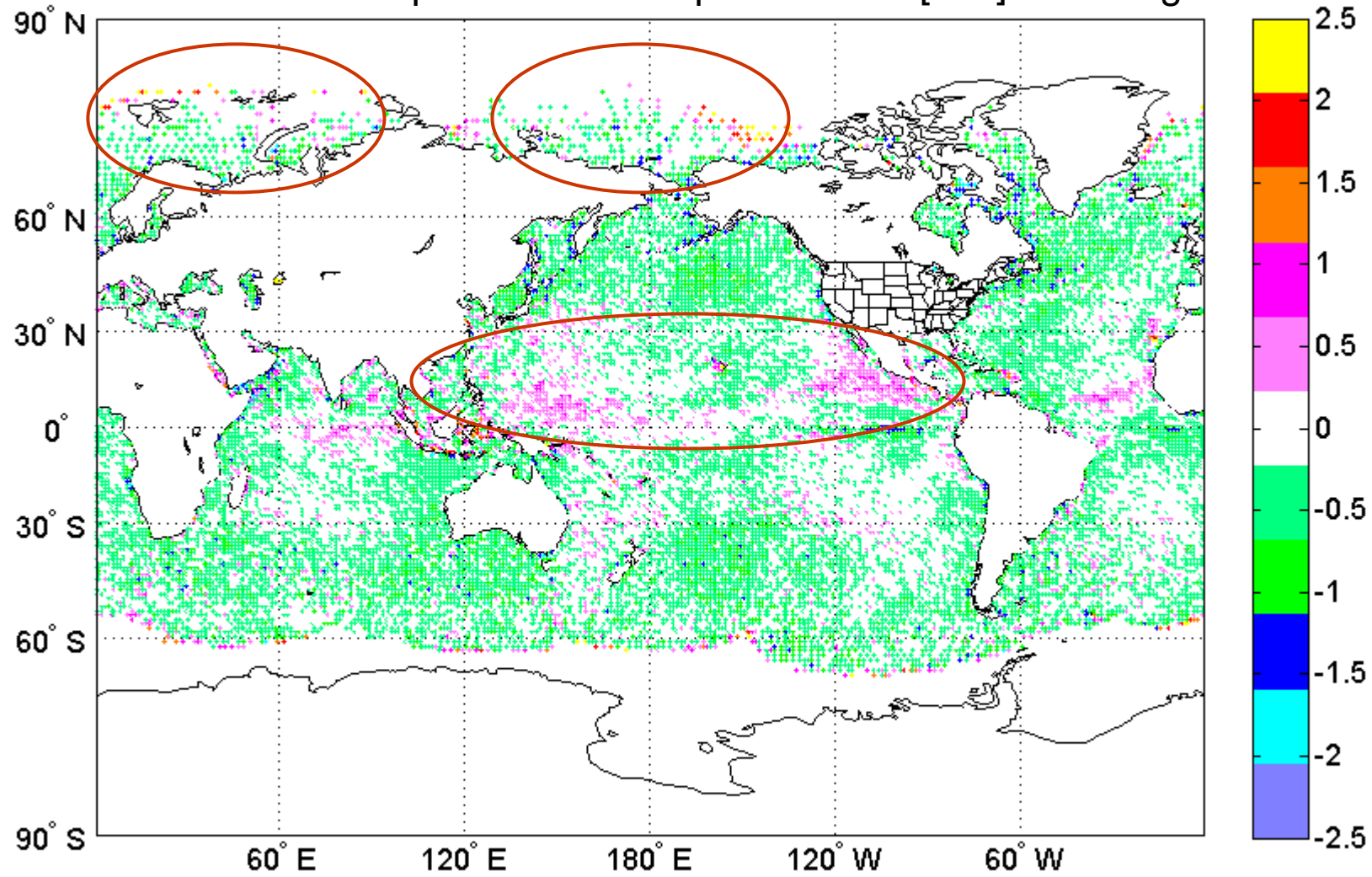
ASCAT geographic statistics results of Aug 2007 and Jan 2008 cont.

- By bins in terms of lon/lat of O-B and O-A
 - u/v and wind speed bias
 - u/v and wind speed standard deviation
 - u/v and wind speed RMS

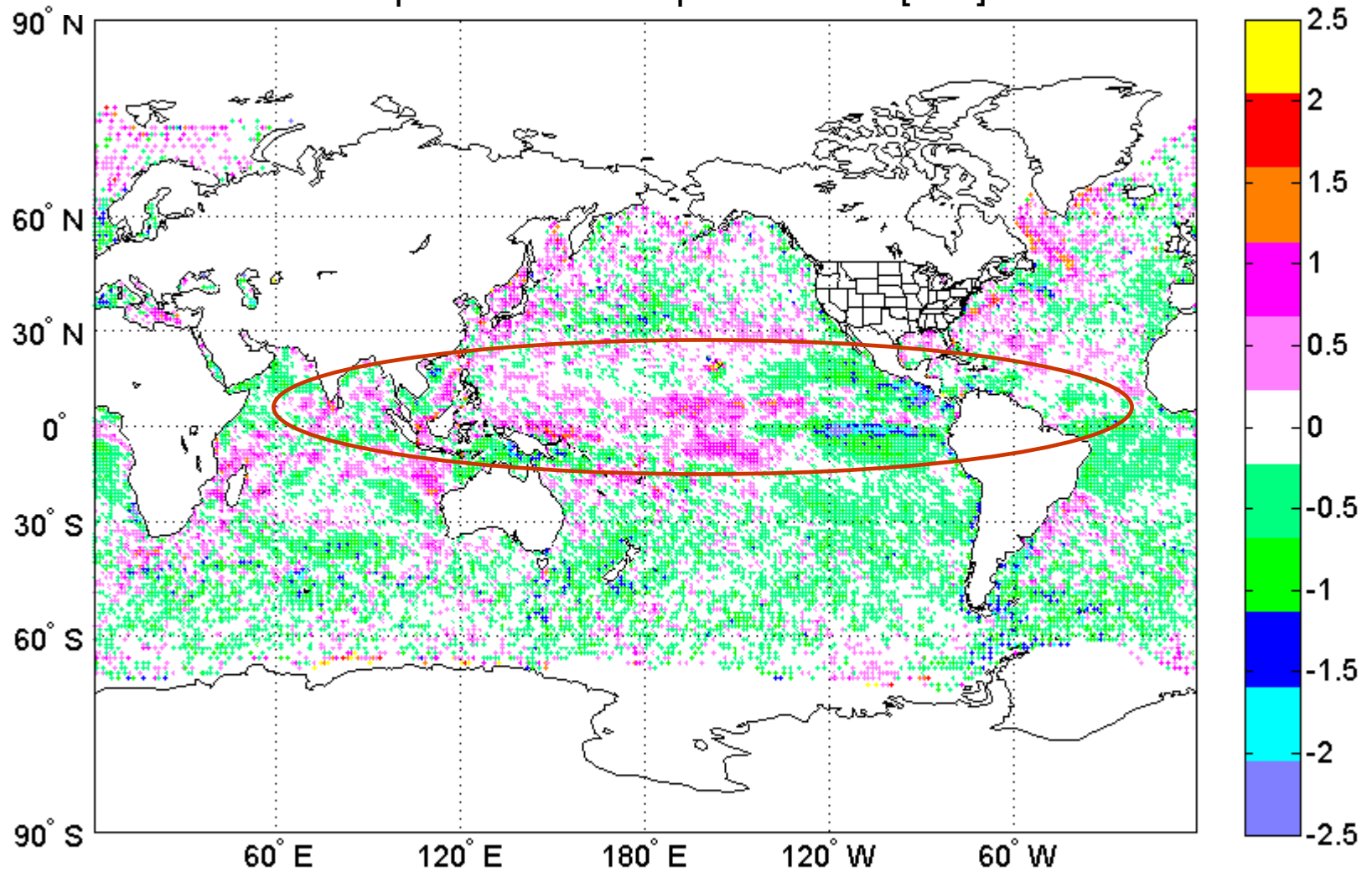
ASCAT 100km experiment wind spd O-B bias [m/s] 1-31 Aug 2007



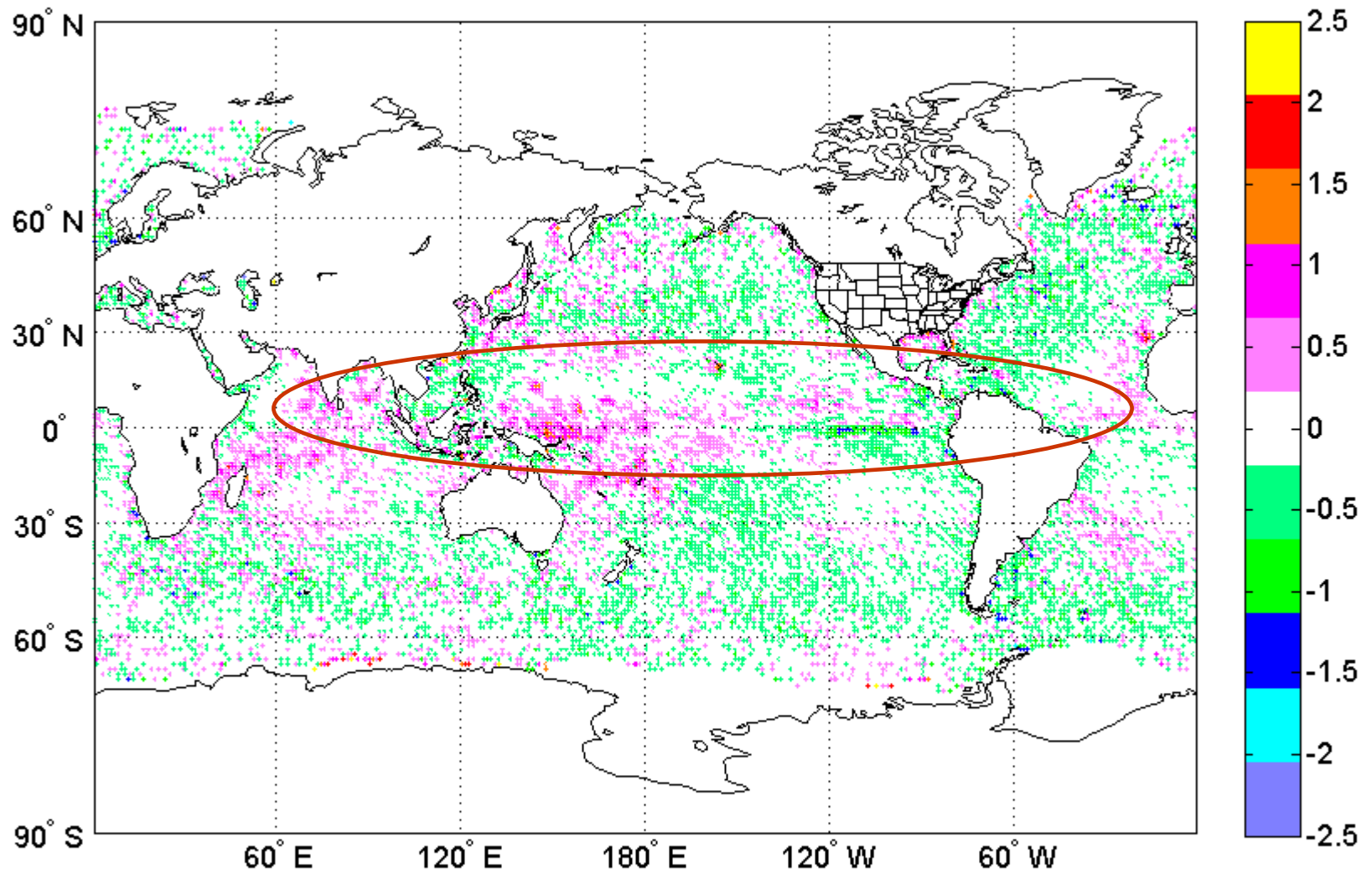
ASCAT 100km experiment wind spd O-A bias [m/s] 1-31 Aug 2007



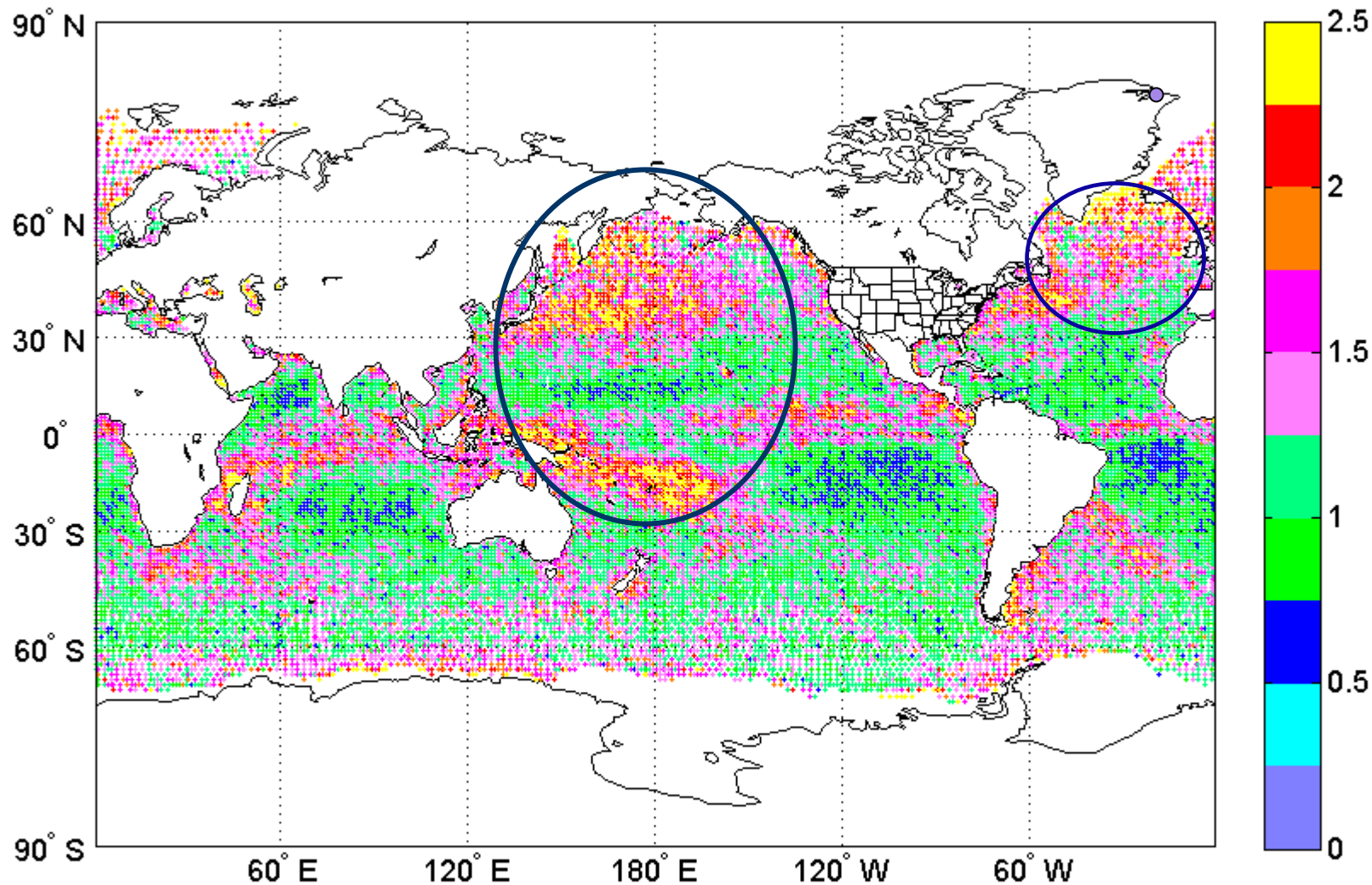
ASCAT 100km experiment wind spd O-B bias [m/s] 1-31 Jan 2008



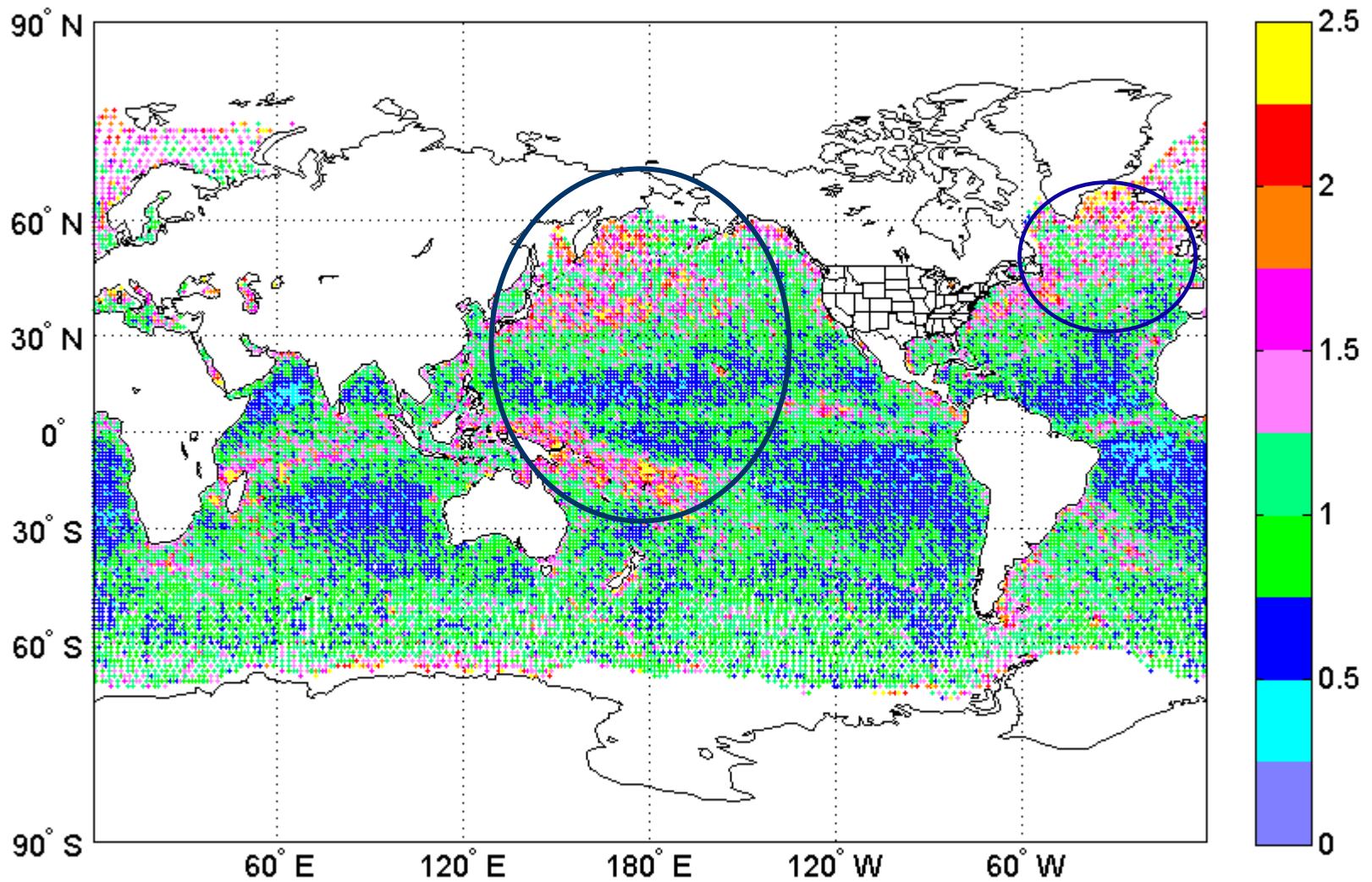
ASCAT 100km experiment wind spd O-A bias [m/s] 1-31 Jan 2008



ASCAT 100km experiment wind spd O-B standard dev. [m/s] 1-31 Jan 2008



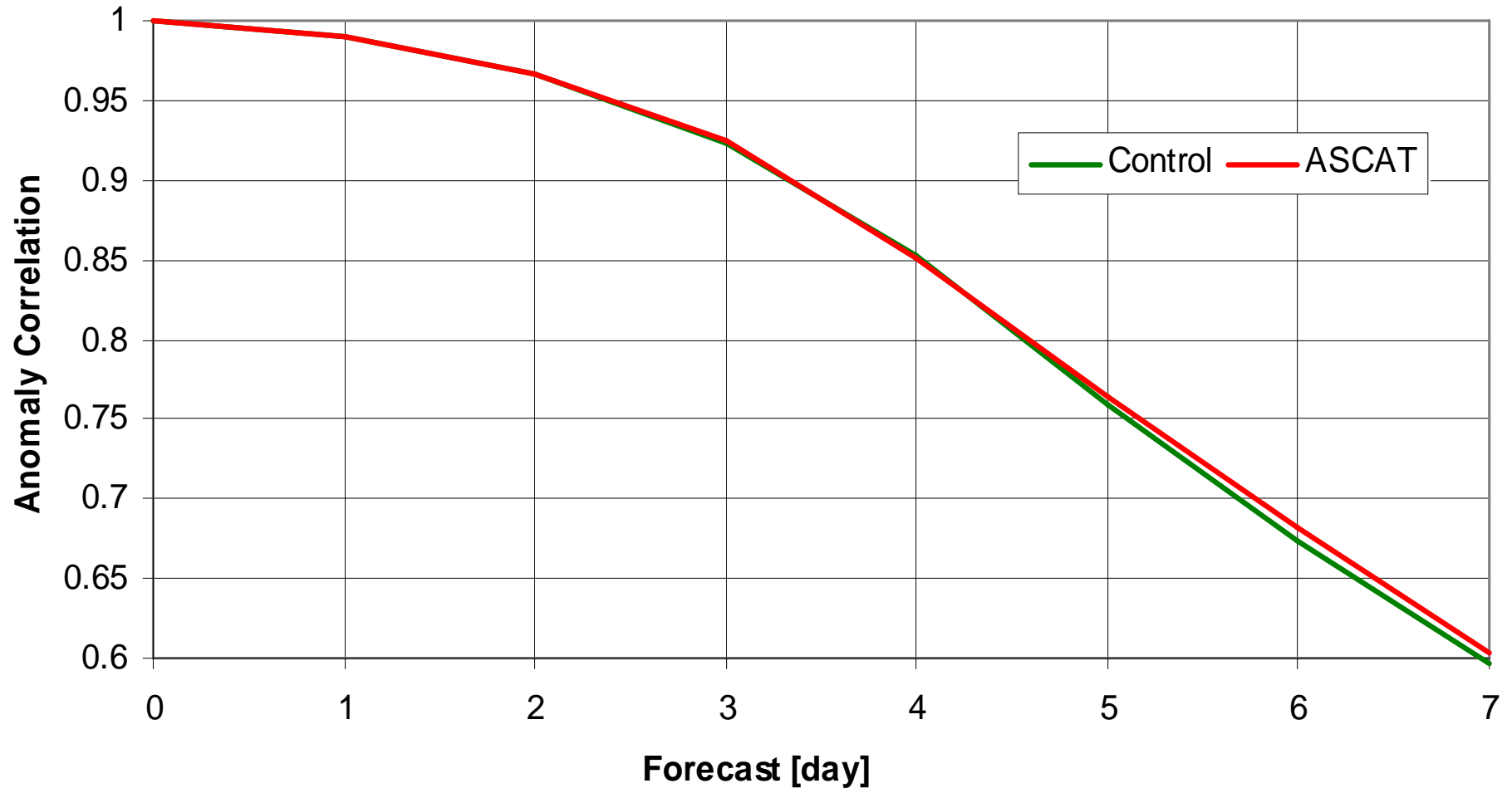
ASCAT 100km experiment wind spd O-A standard dev. [m/s] 1-31 Jan 2008



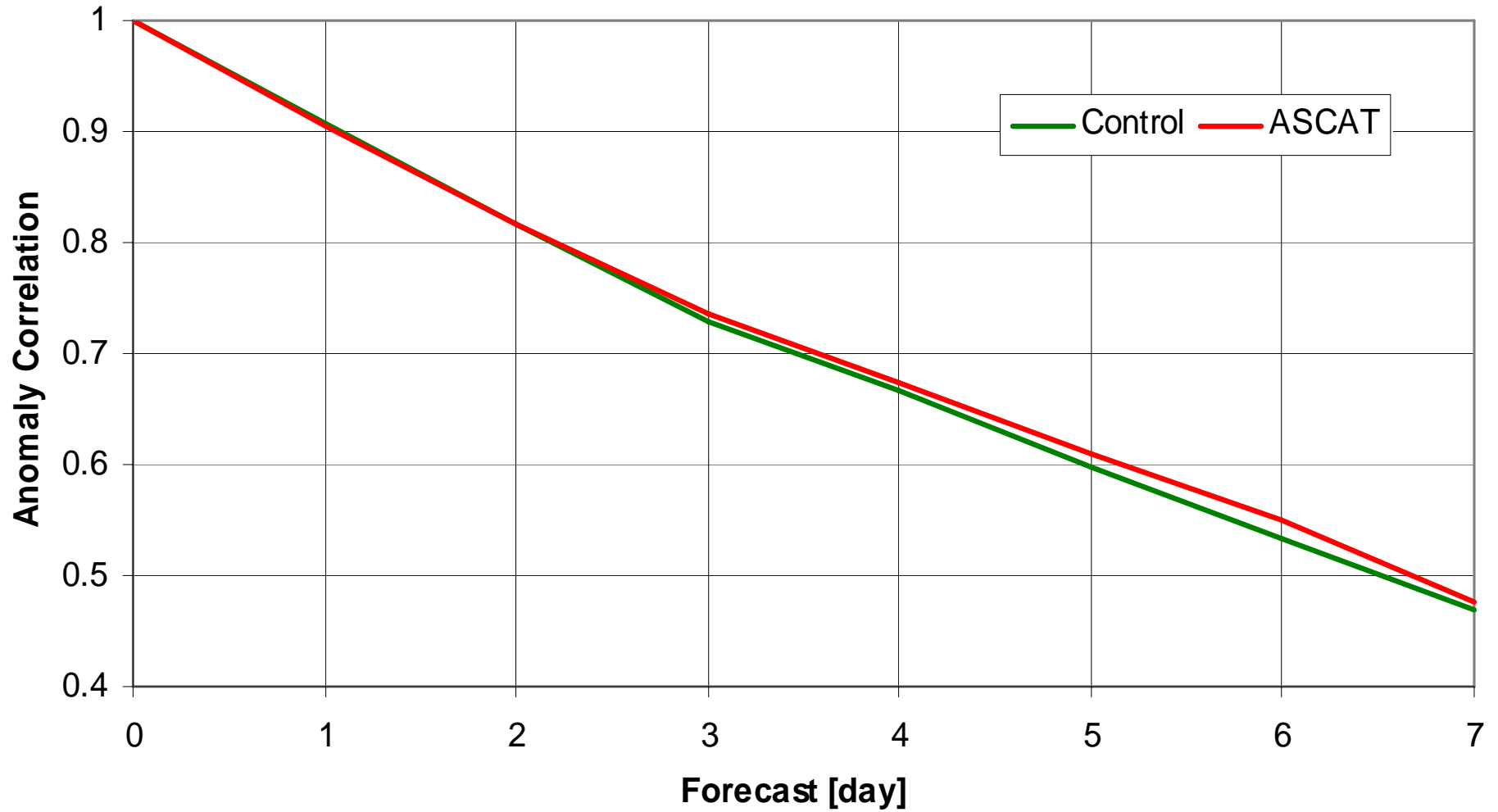
Results from forecast verification

- Anomaly Correlation (AC) results and day 5 AC time series
- Geographic forecast impact (FI) investigations for ASCAT retrieval data
- Vertical time series impacts for ASCAT retrieval data

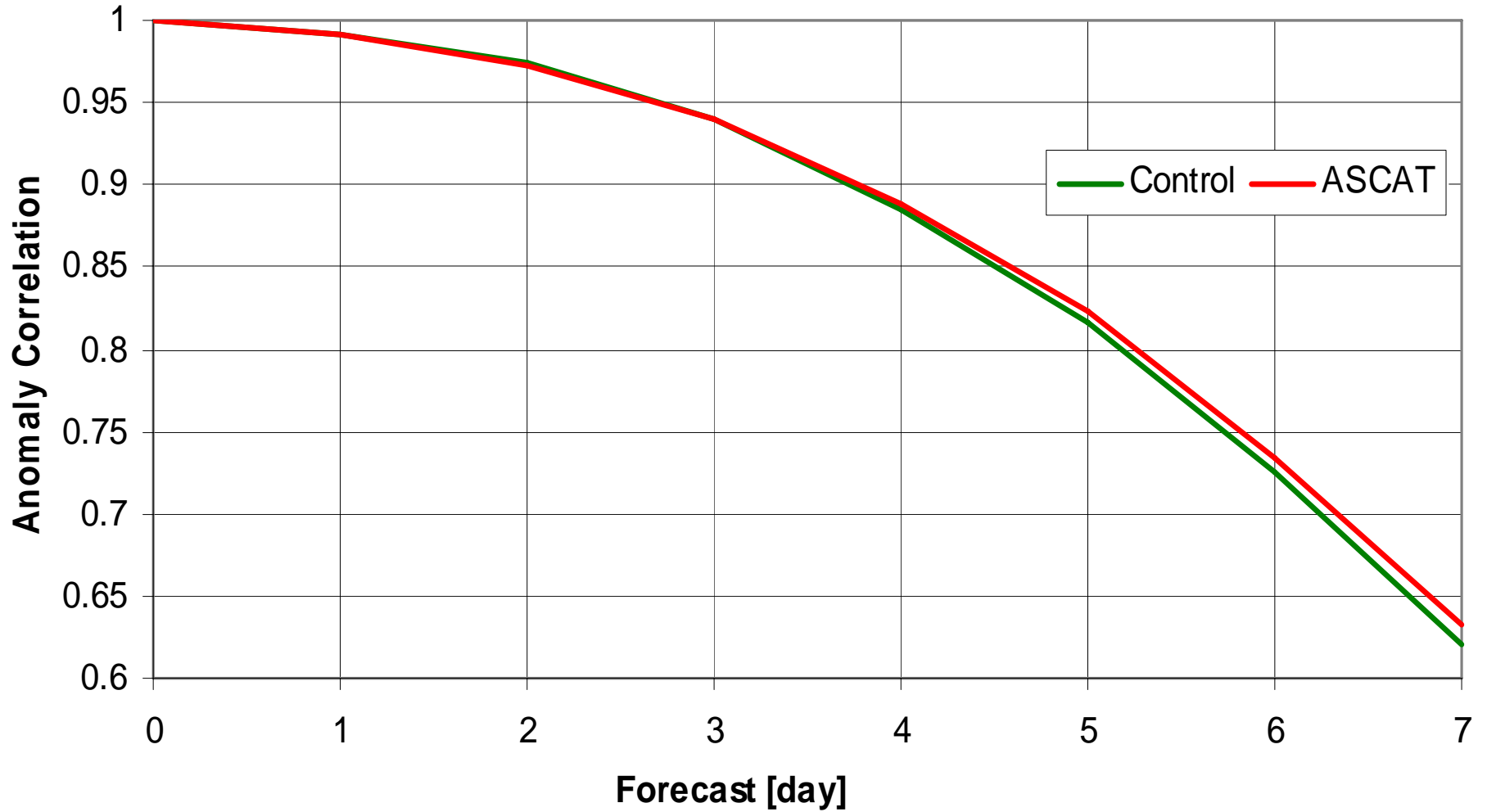
S. Hemisphere 1000 hPa AC Z 20S - 80S Waves 1-20
1 Aug - 31 Aug 2007



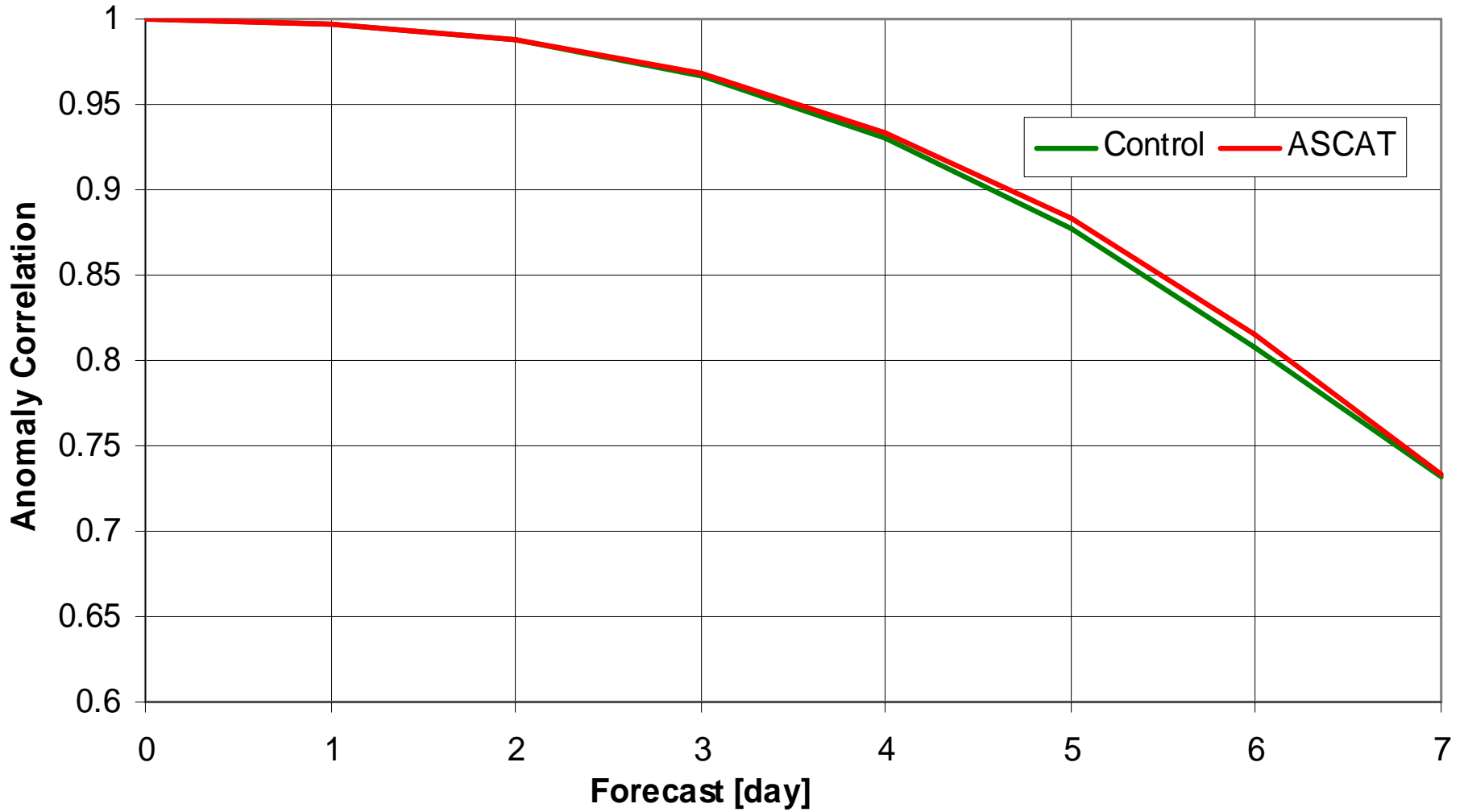
Tropics 850 hPa AC V 20N - 20S Waves 1-20
1 Aug - 31 Aug 2007



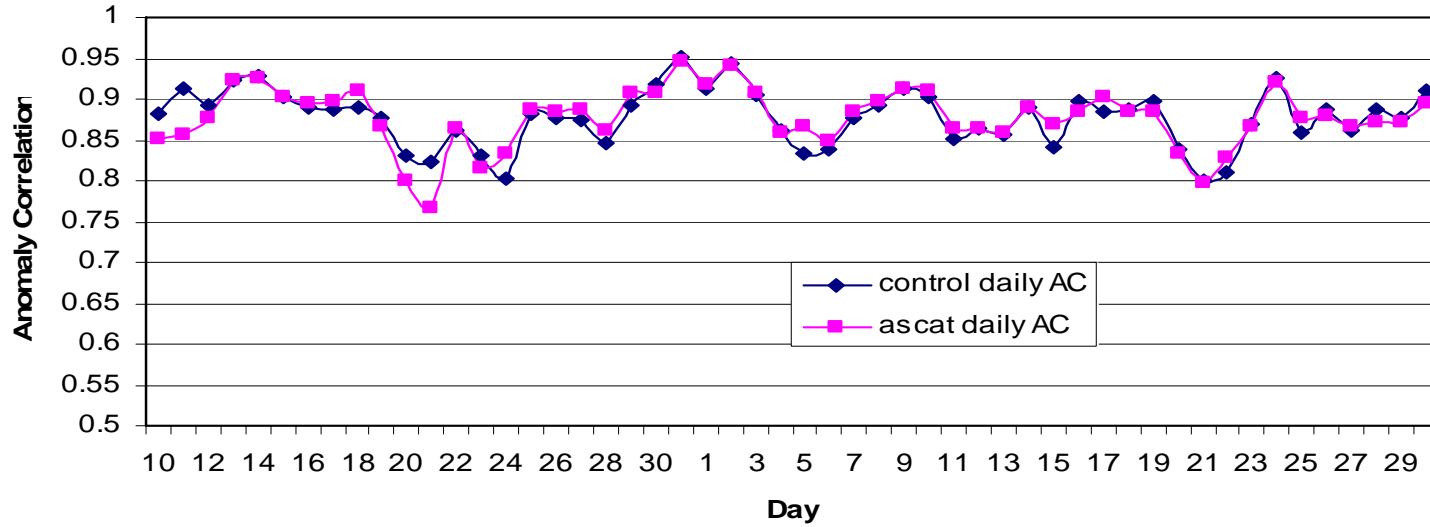
N. Hemisphere 1000 hPa AC Z 20N - 80N Waves 1-20
1 Jan - 31 Jan 2008



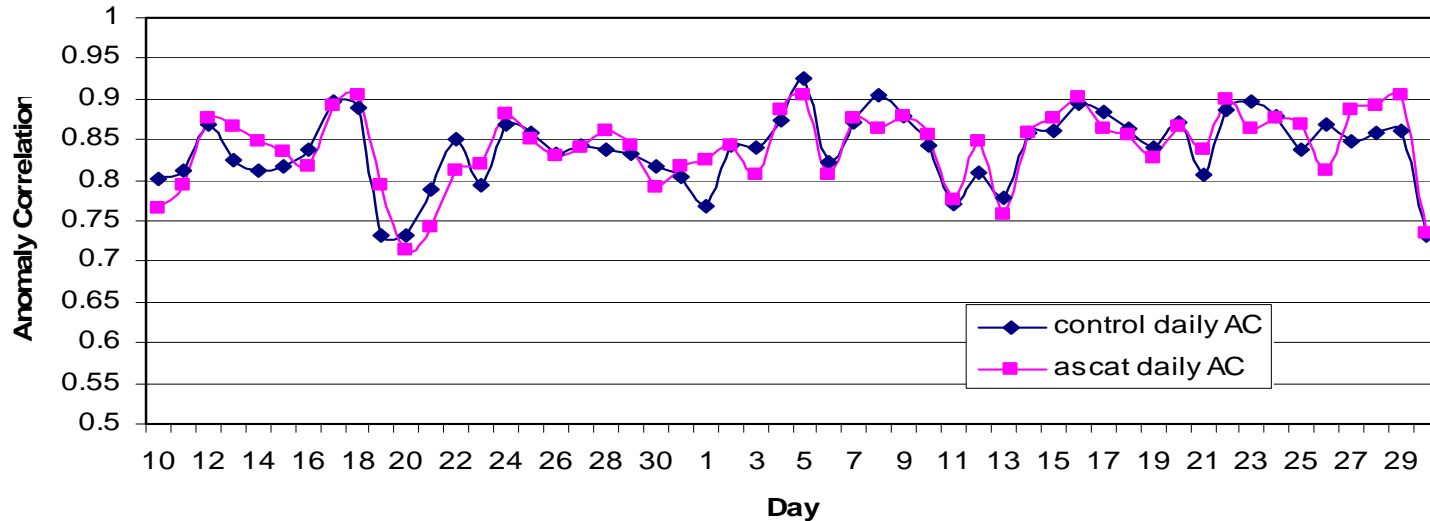
N. Hemisphere 500 hPa AC Z 20N - 80N Waves 1-20
1 Jan - 31 Jan 2008



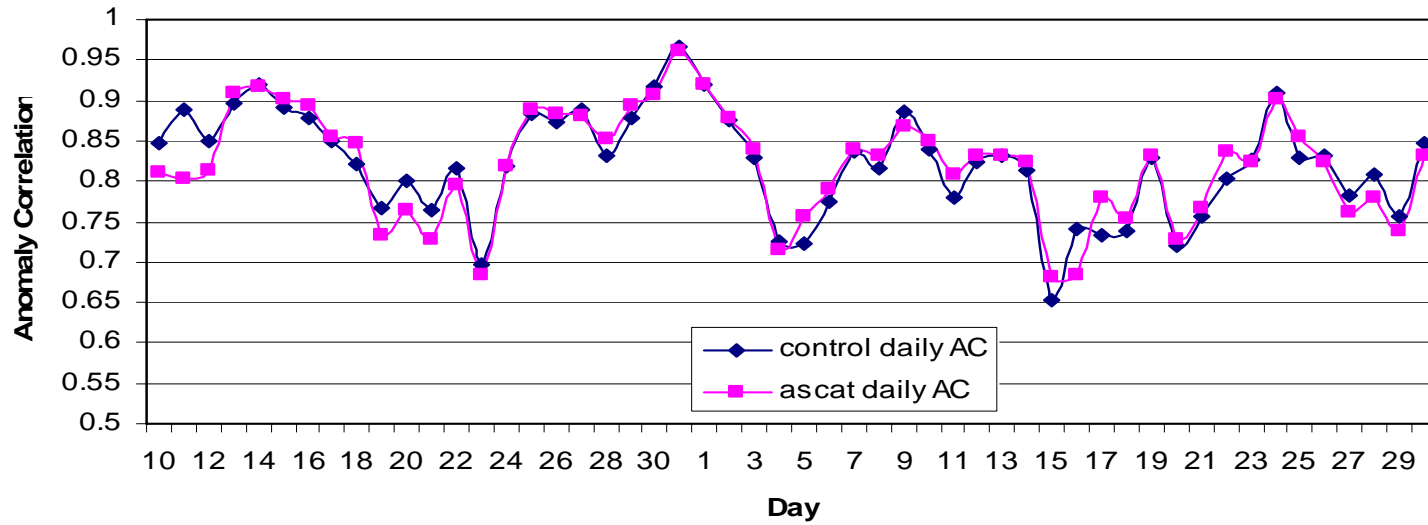
**500 hPa Anomaly Correlation
Northern Hemisphere 5 Day Fcst Z
Dec 2007 - Jan 2008**



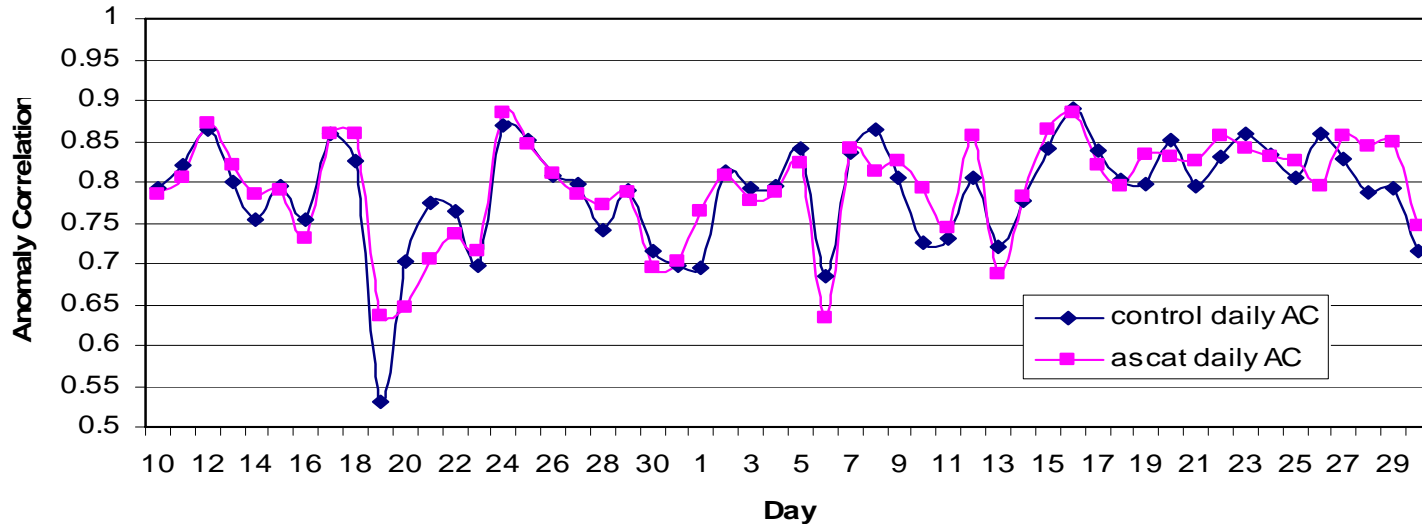
**500 hPa Anomaly Correlation
Southern Hemisphere 5 Day Fcst Z
Dec 2007 - Jan 2008**



**1000 hPa Anomaly Correlation
Northern Hemisphere 5 Day Fcst Z
Dec 2007 - Jan 2008**



**1000 hPa Anomaly Correlation
Southern Hemisphere 5 Day Fcst Z
Dec 2007 - Jan 2008**




Results from forecast verification

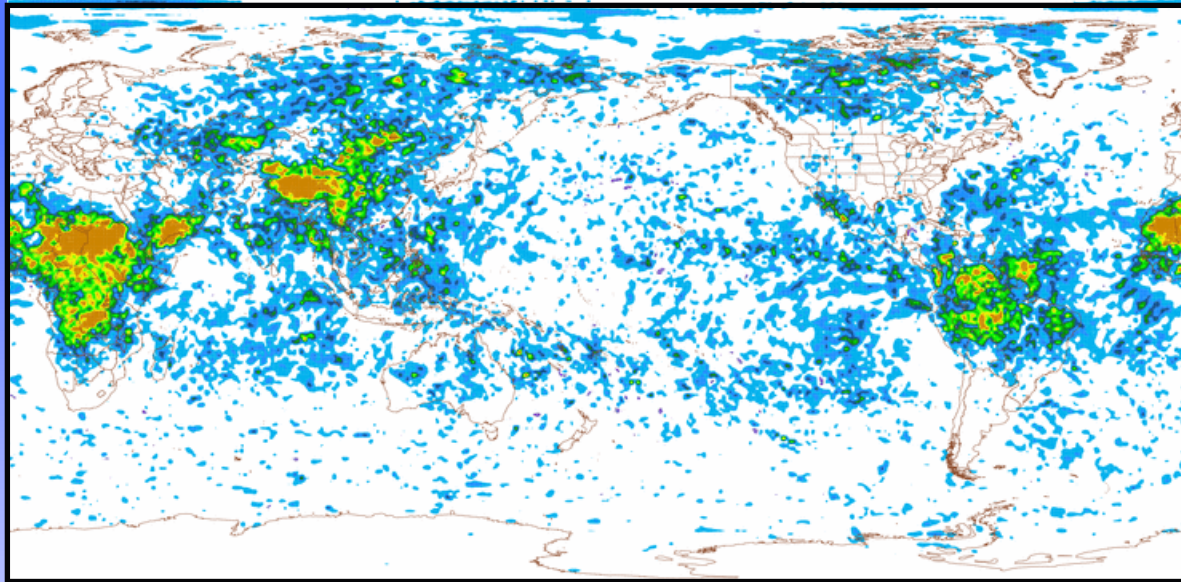
Cont.

- Geographic forecast impact (FI) investigations for ASCAT retrieval data:

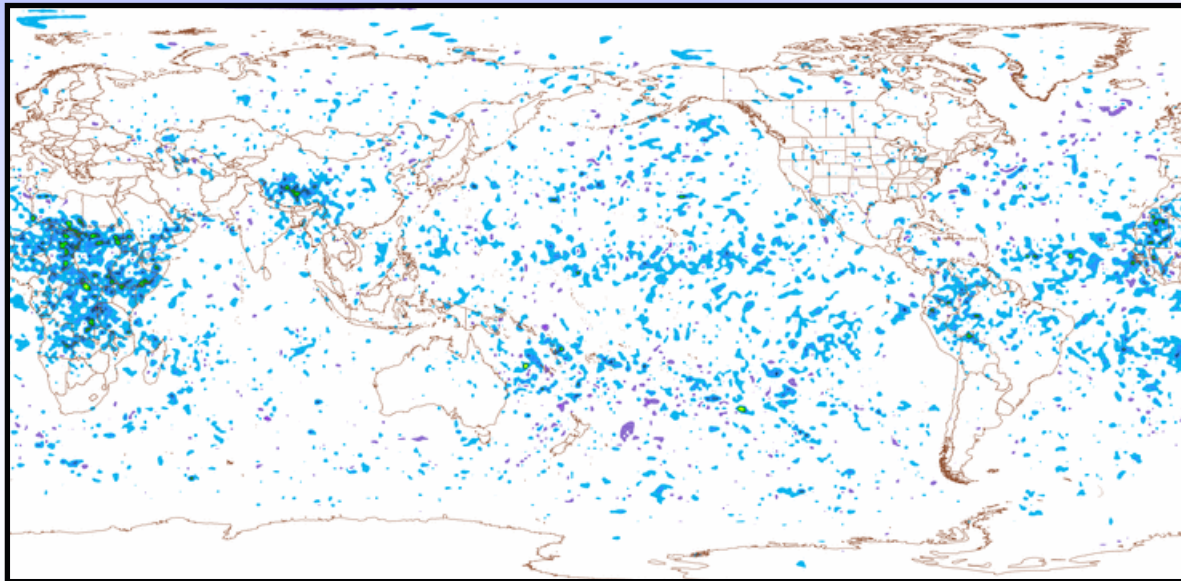
$$FI(x, y) = 100 \times \left\{ \left[\sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (C_i - A_i)^2}{N}} - \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (E_i - A_i)^2}{N}} \right] / \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (E_i - A_i)^2}{N}} \right\}$$


Error in control *Error in experiment* *Error in experiment*

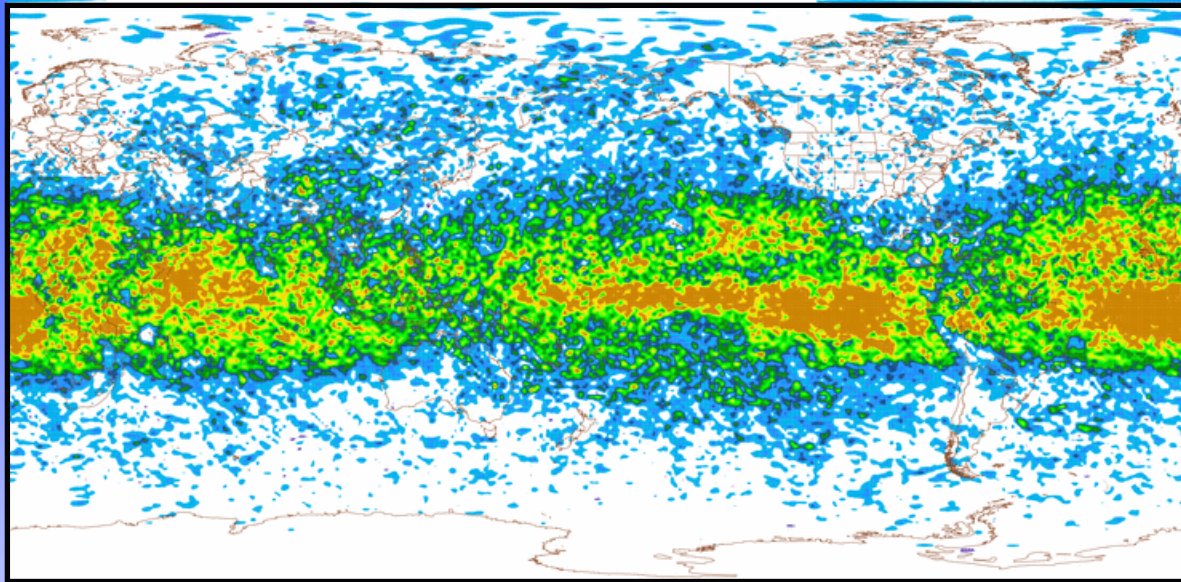
(a) 10m WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 6HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



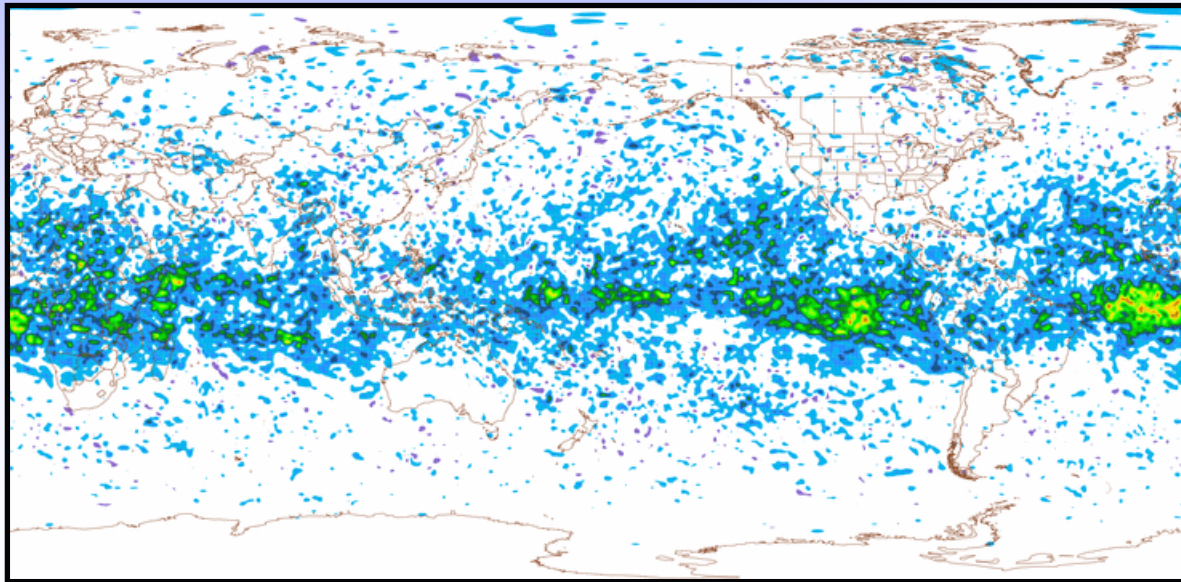
(b) 10m WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



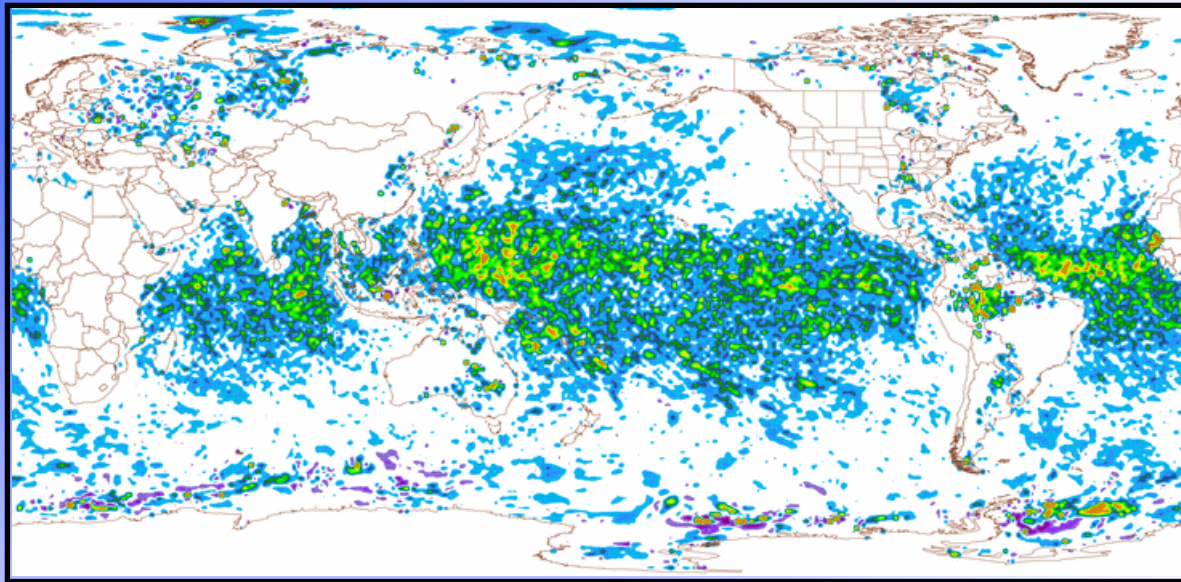
(a) 500hPa WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 6HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



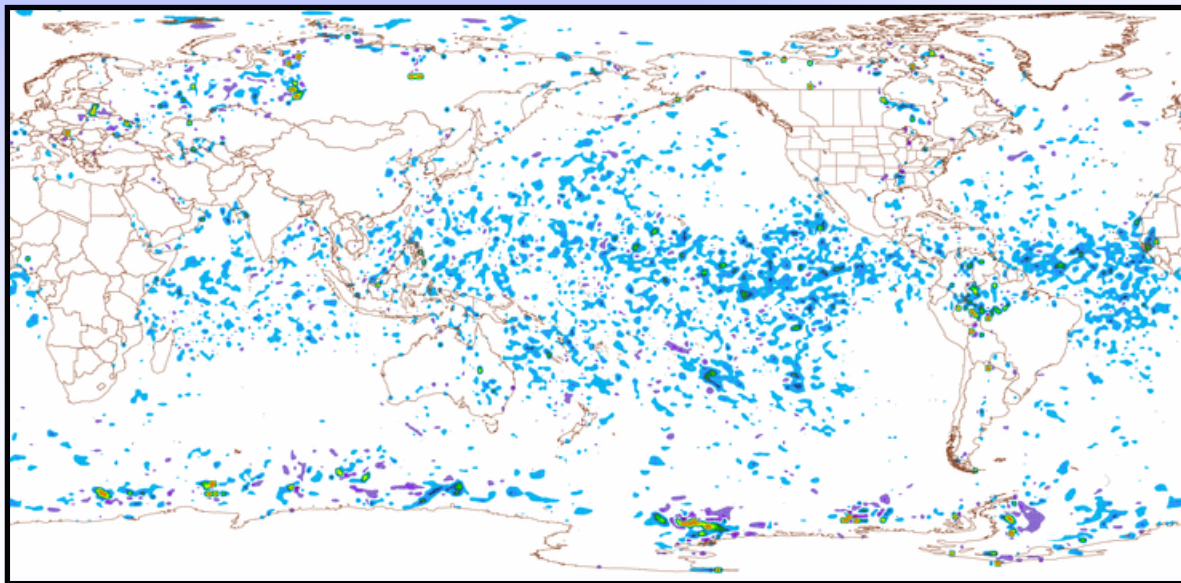
(b) 500hPa WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



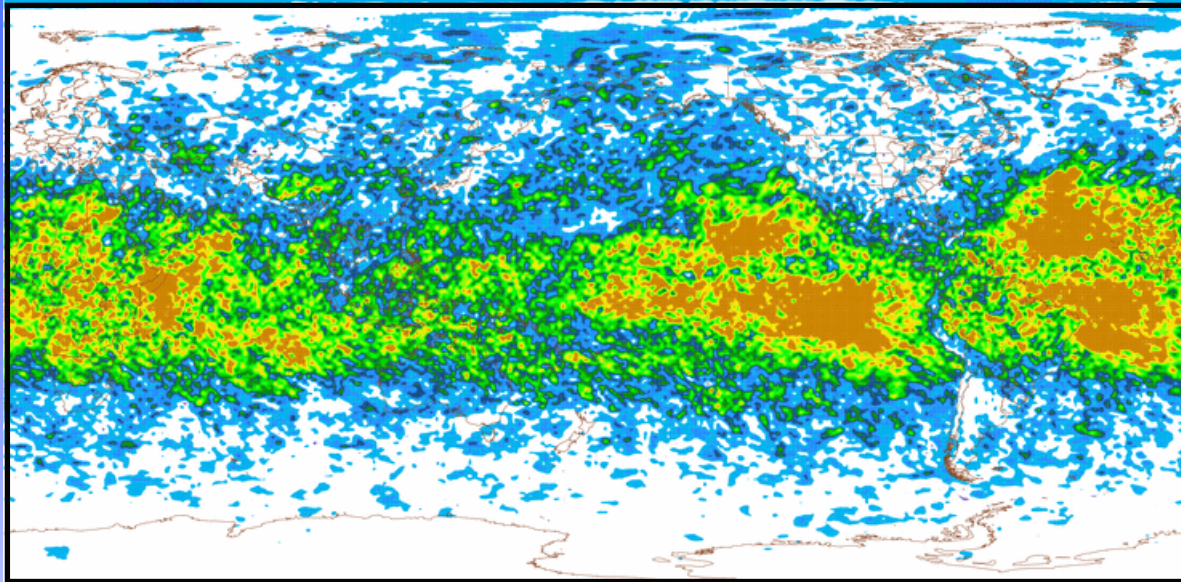
(a) 1000hPa TEMP FCST IMPACT [%] 6HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



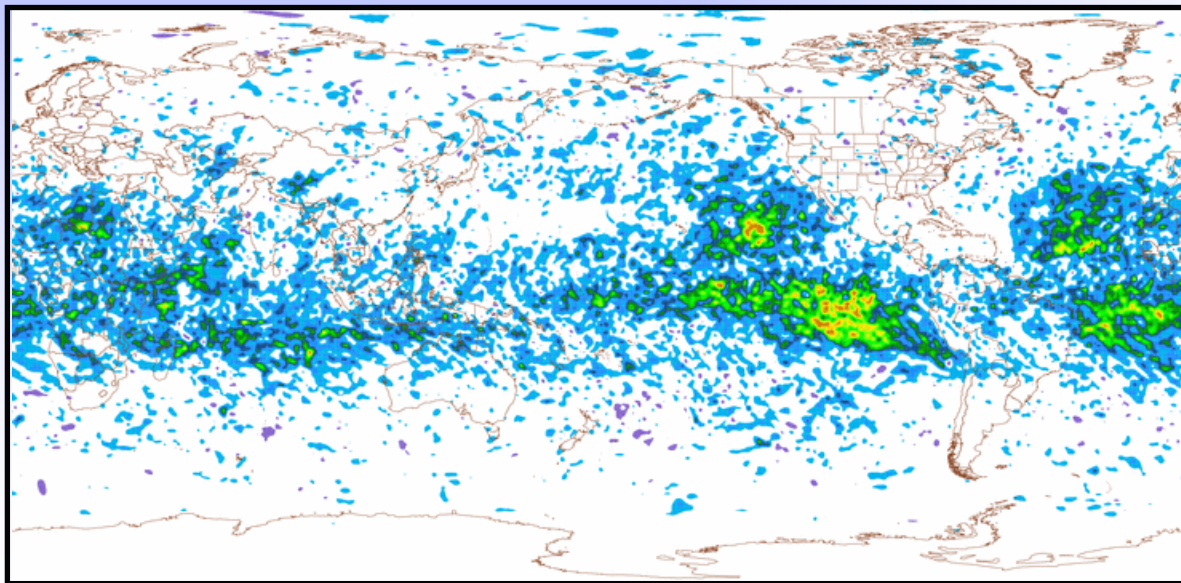
(b) 1000hPa TEMP FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



(a) 500hPa TEMP FCST IMPACT [%] 6HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



(b) 500hPa TEMP FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Aug 2007



Results of from forecast verification

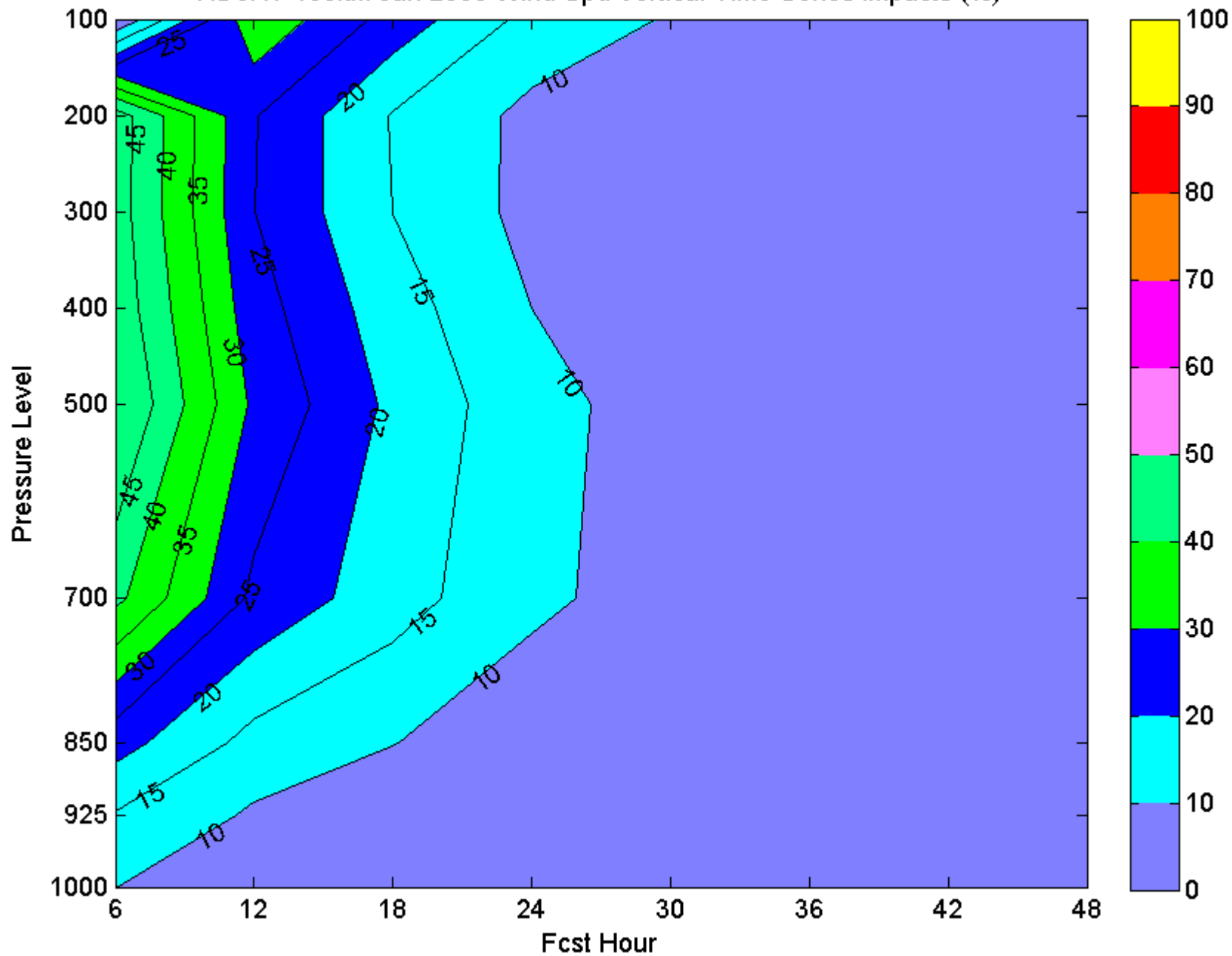
Cont.

- Vertical time series impacts for ASCAT retrieval data

$$FI(t, z) = 100 \times \left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^X (C'_i - A'_i)^2}{X}} - \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^X (E'_i - A'_i)^2}{X}}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^X (E'_i - A'_i)^2}{X}}} \right]$$

Area ratio weighting \longrightarrow $A'_i = A_i \times \frac{\sin(\phi_i + \frac{\Delta}{2}) - \sin(\phi_i - \frac{\Delta}{2})}{2 \sin(\frac{\Delta}{2})}$

ASCAT 100km Jan 2008 Wind Spd Vertical Time Series Impacts (%)



Conclusions of ASCAT analysis

- There are unsolved problems near the poles in the ASCAT analysis due to observations that may be contaminated by ice.
- Large O-B standard deviations are noted in the central Pacific and north Atlantic.
- Improvements of O-A standard deviations are noted in the ASCAT analysis.

Conclusions of current work

- Anomaly correlations show neutral to modest improvements.
- Positive Forecast Impacts occurred in the wind and temperature fields
- Greatest Forecast Impacts occurred of the wind and temperature fields in the Tropics and at 500 hPa
- Positive Forecast Impacts of the wind field are noted at all levels of the GFS through 48 hours.

Future work

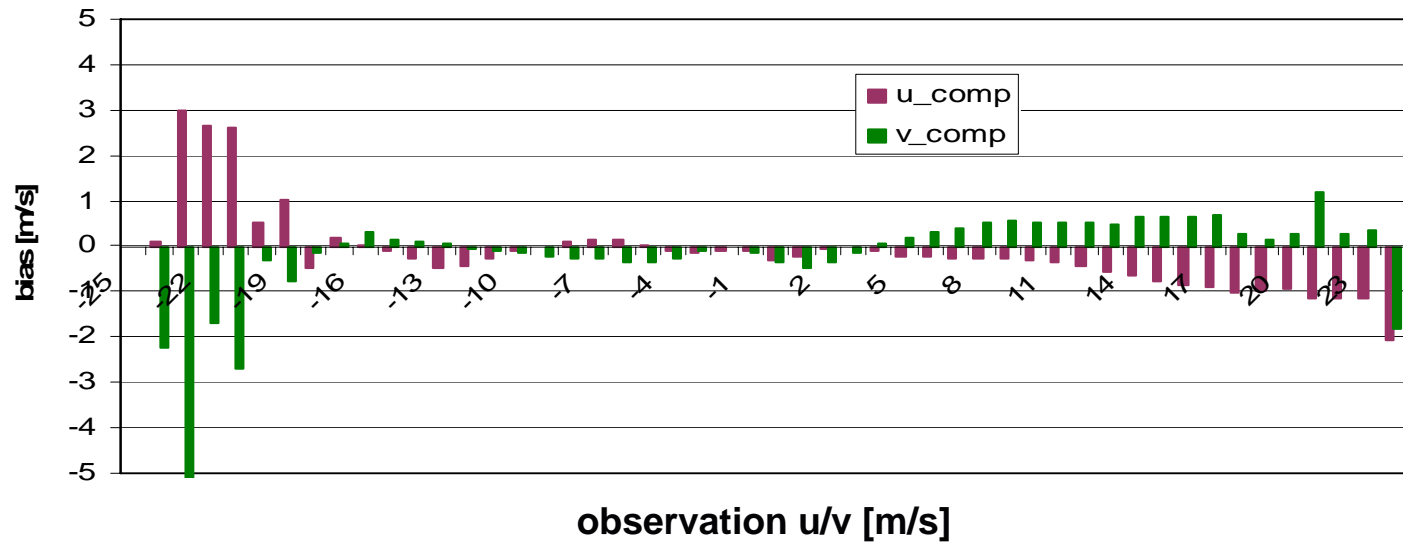
- Continue working on the quality control procedures:
 - identify and remove observations that are contaminated by ice near the poles.
 - Investigate, in greater detail, regions of high bias and standard deviations for possible improvements.
- Develop and test new thinning techniques in the GSI
 - adaptive thinning algorithms from Leslie et al.
 - other resolutions (150, 50 km box)

Acknowledgements

- Stephen Lord (NCEP) for GFS/GDAS, computer resources and tape space
- Zorana Jelenak for providing ASCAT data
- Prof. Michael Morgan (UW-AOS) for local computer resources
- John Derber, Lars Peter Riishojgaard and Paul Chang for giving insightful advice
- Russ Treadon for helping with GSI code
- Dennis Keyser and Stacie Bender for collecting and processing our various data streams
- The JCSDA for the computer time required for this study

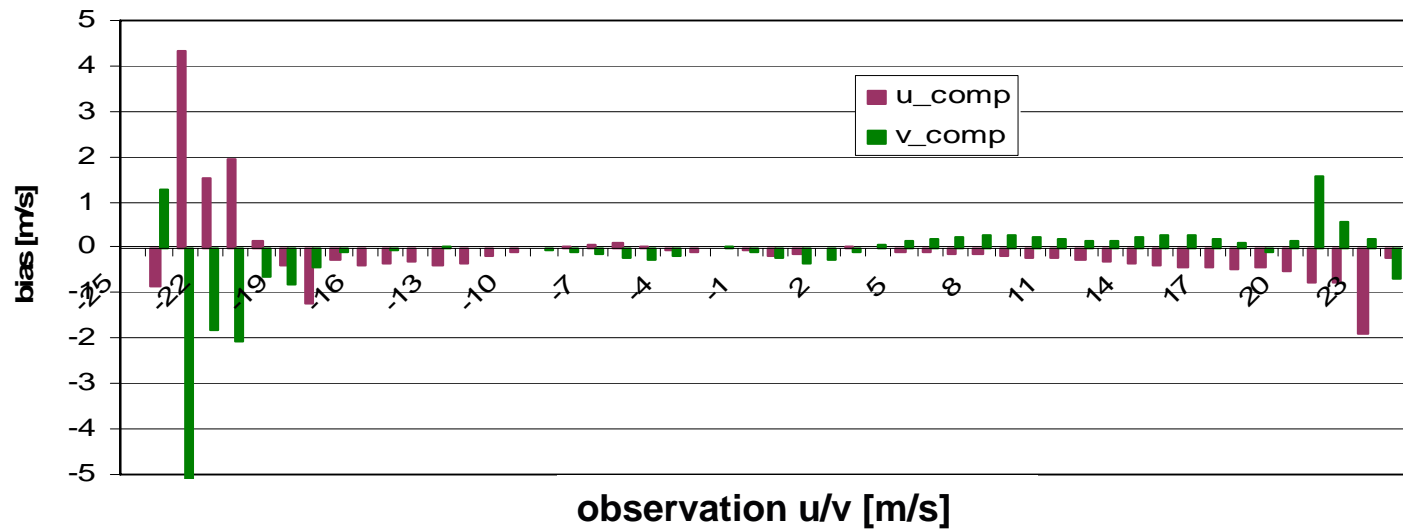
Back up slides

ASCAT experiment U,V by bins bias
obs-background 100km 1-31 Aug 2007



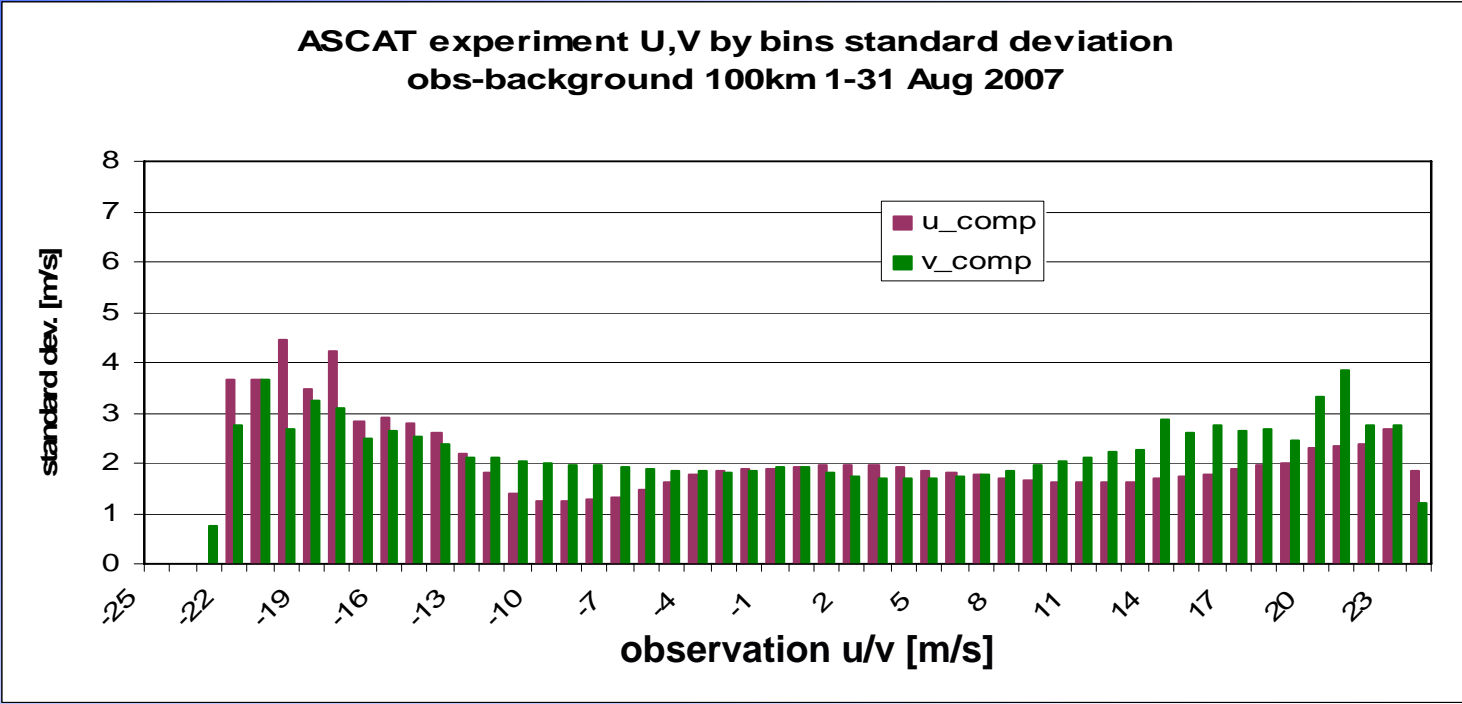
O-B →

ASCAT experiment U,V by bins bias
obs-analysis 100km 1-31 Aug 2007

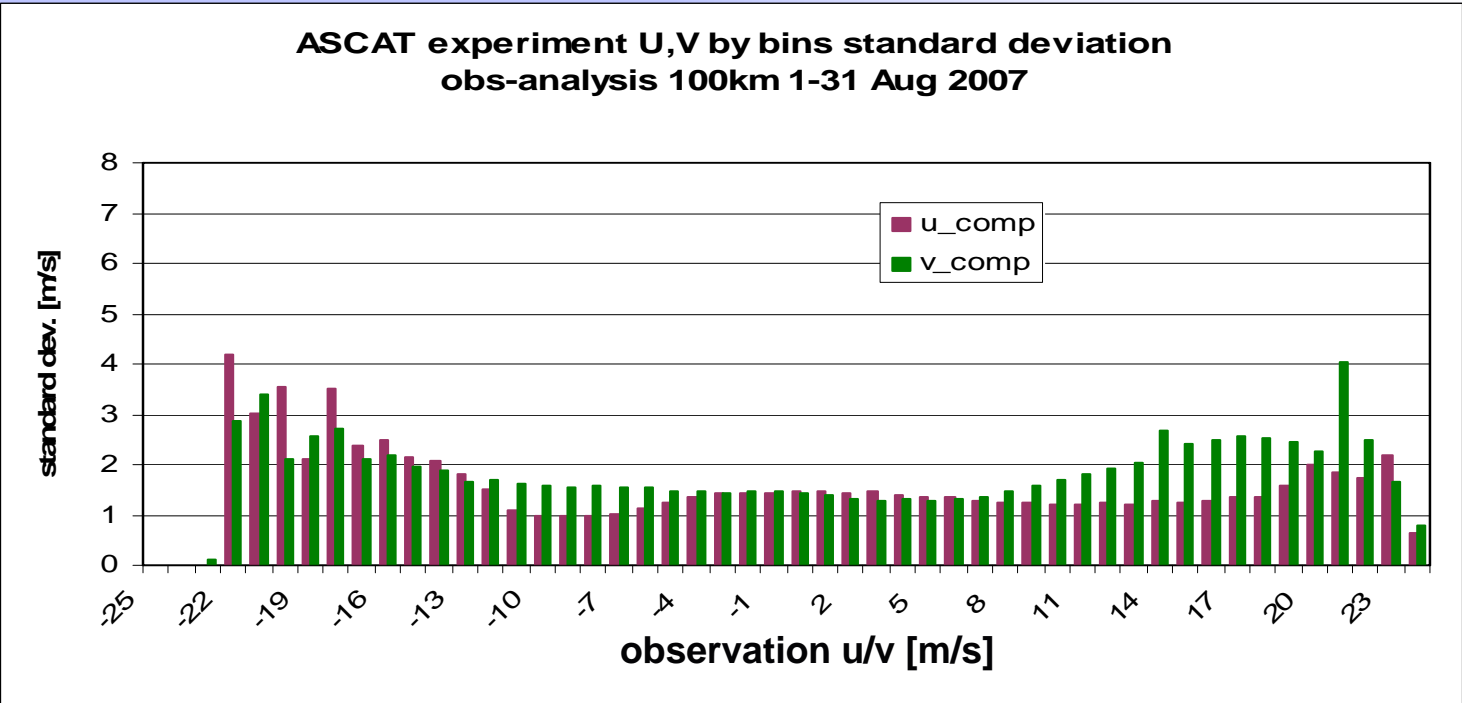


O-A →

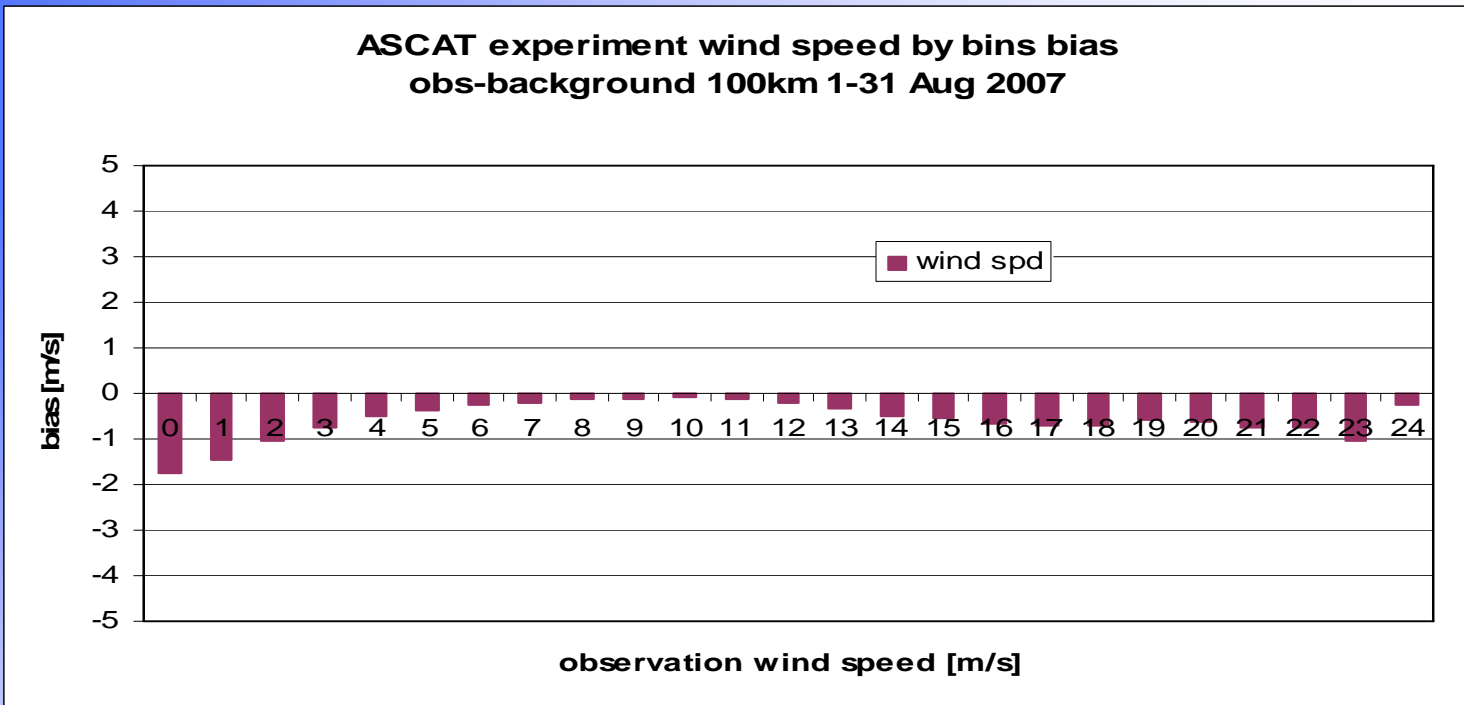
O-B →



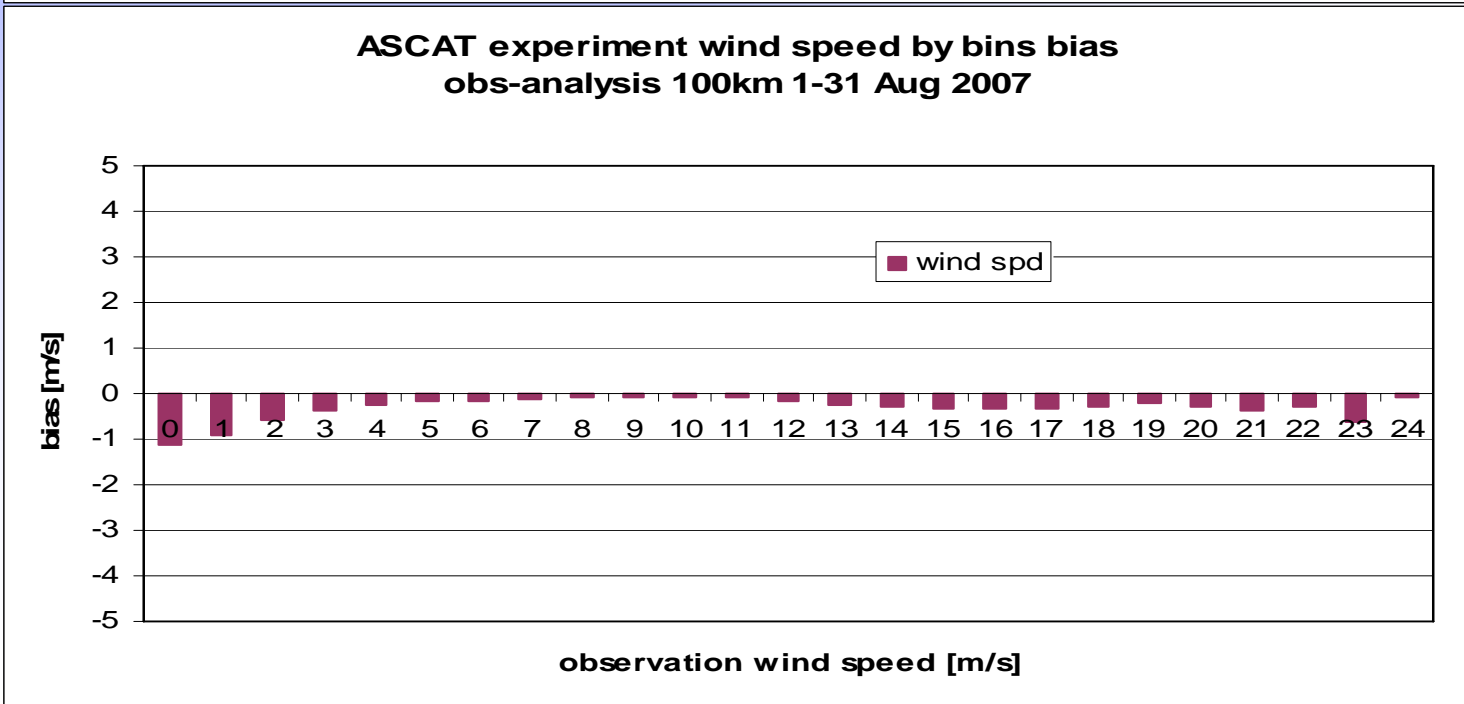
O-A →



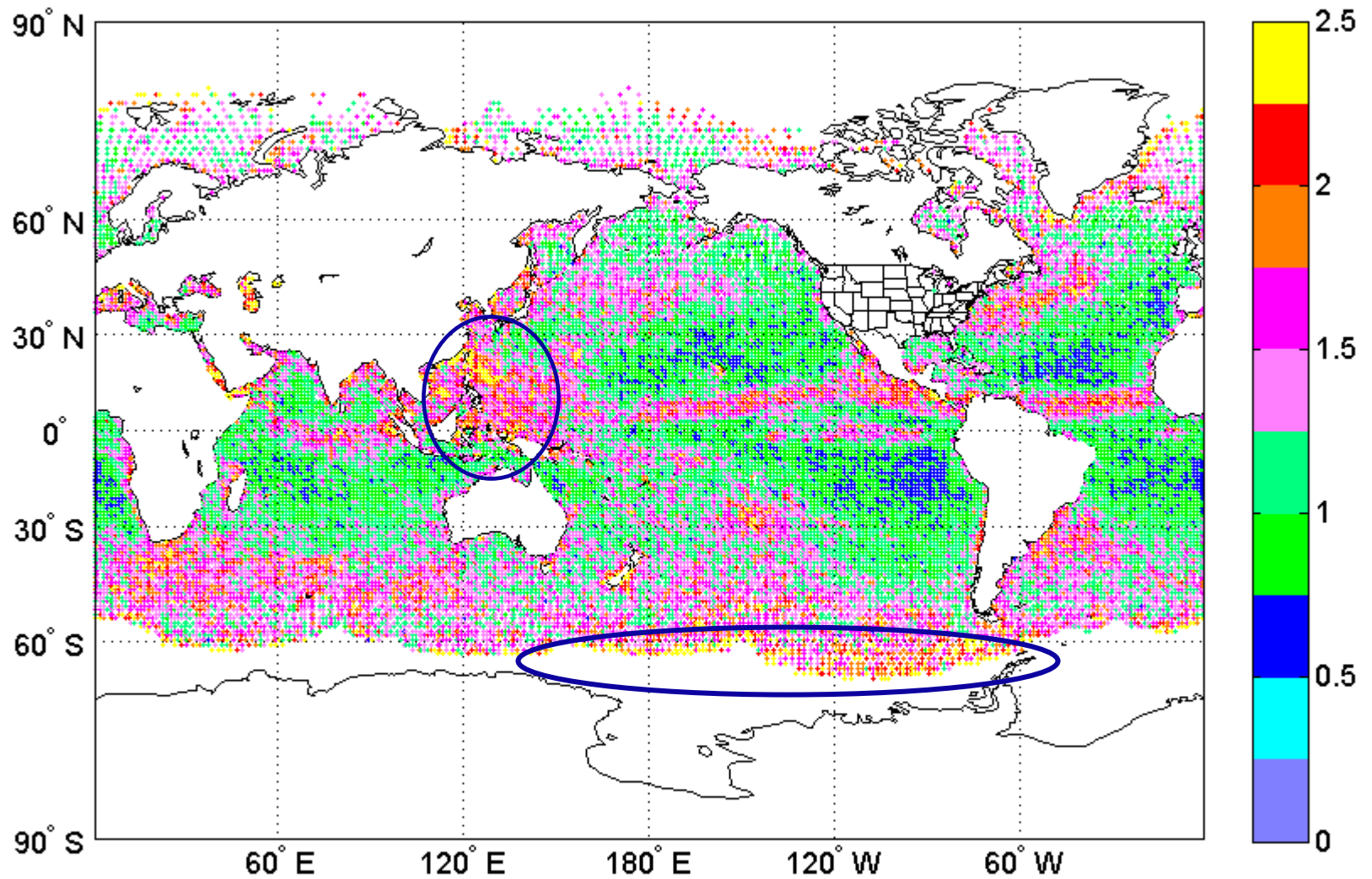
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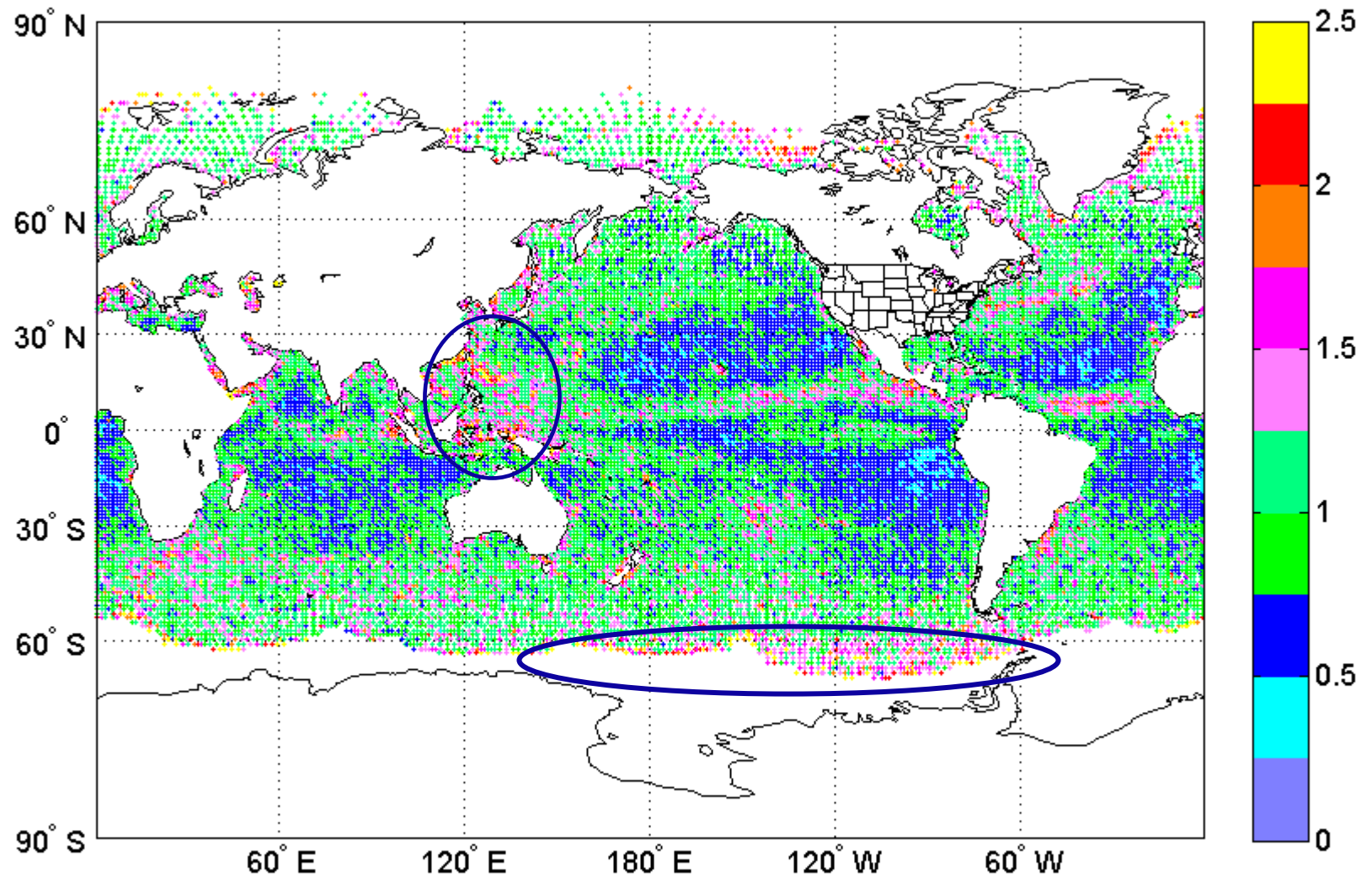
O-A →



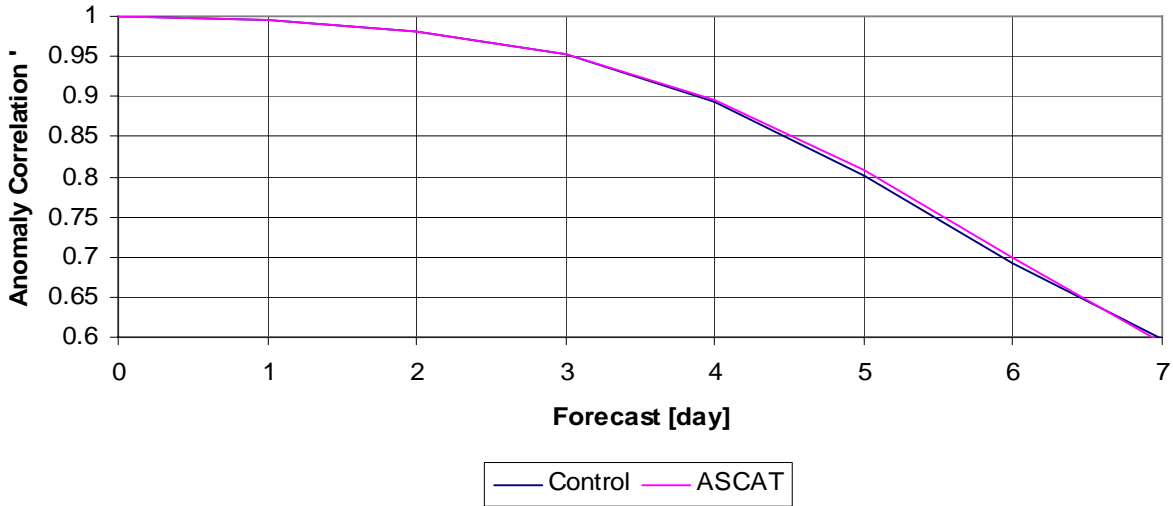
ASCAT 100km experiment wind spd O-B standard dev. [m/s] 1-31 Aug 2007



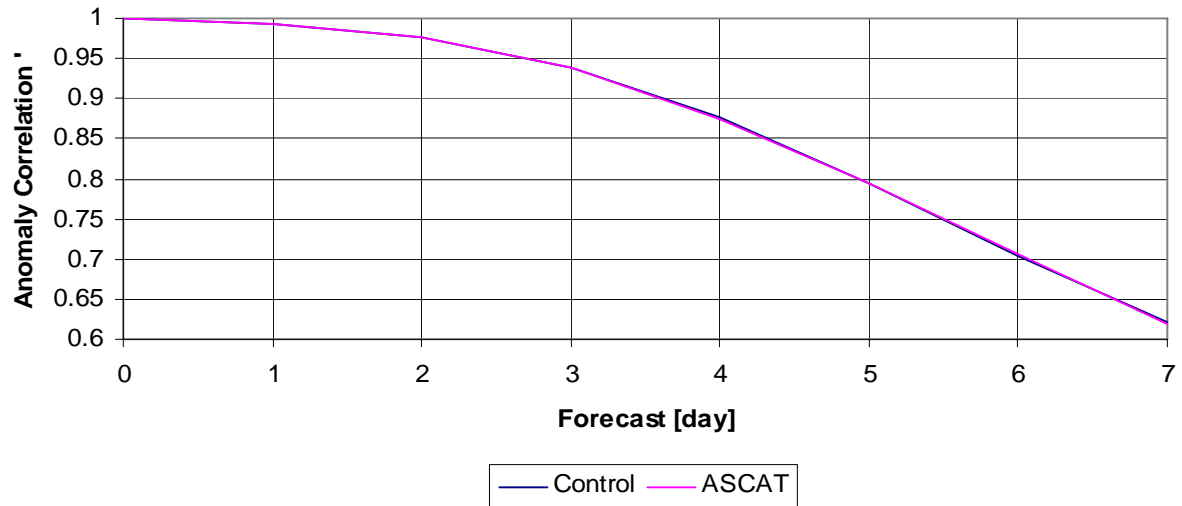
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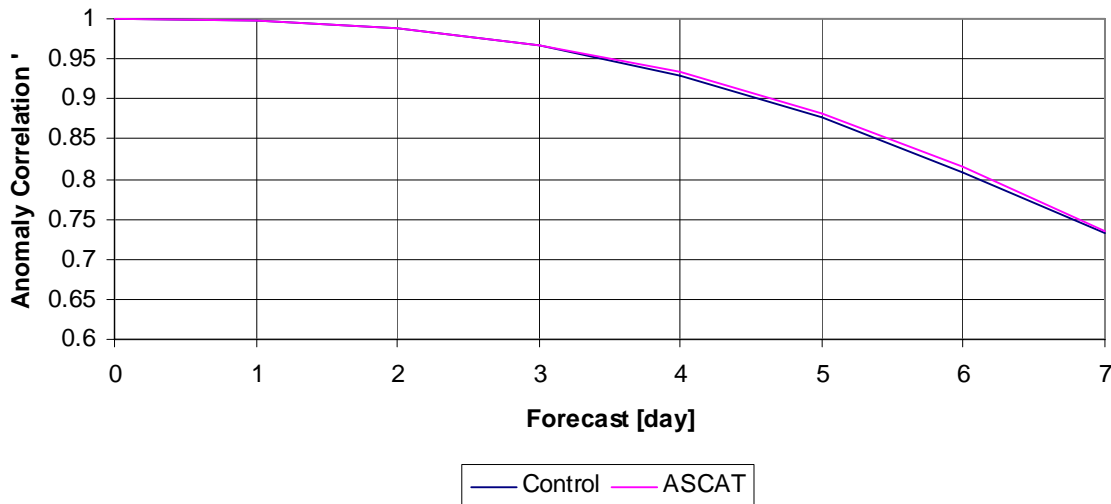
N. Hemisphere 500 hPa AC Z
20N - 80N Waves 1-20
1 Aug - 31 Aug 2007



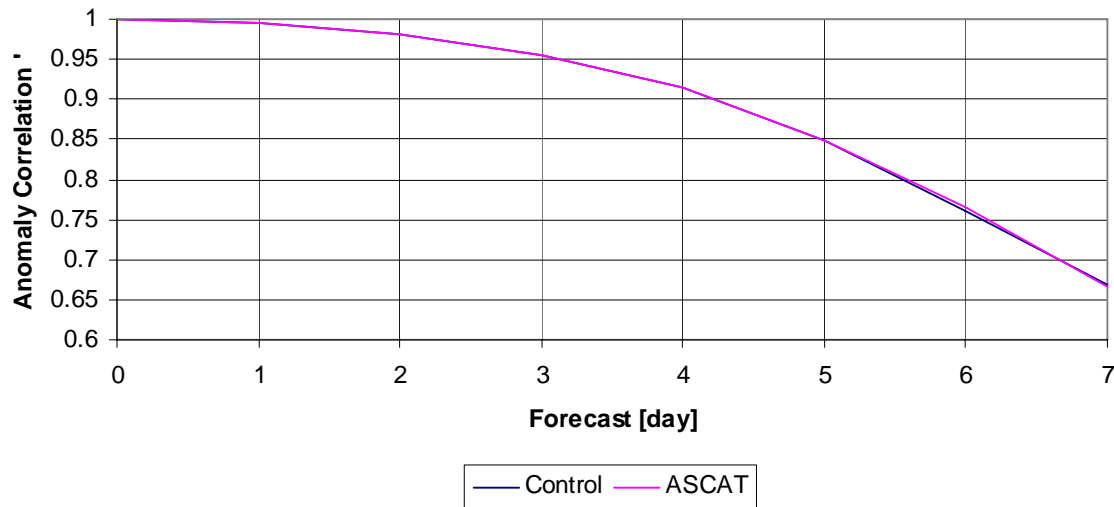
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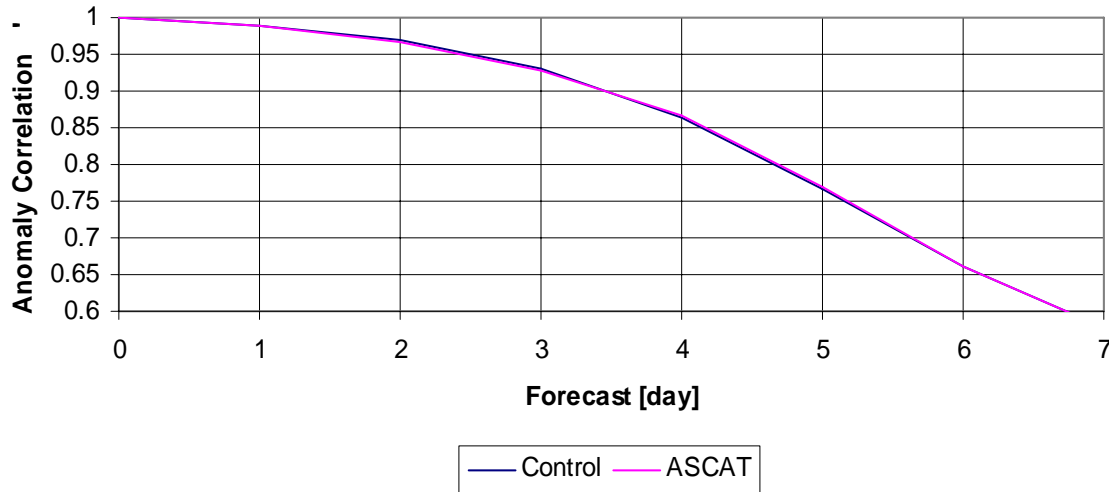
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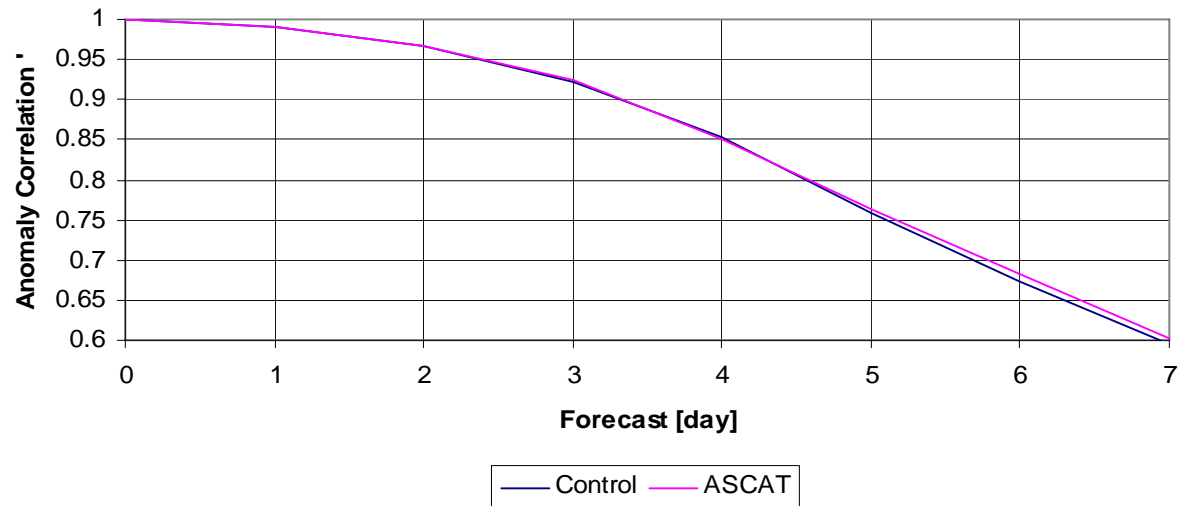
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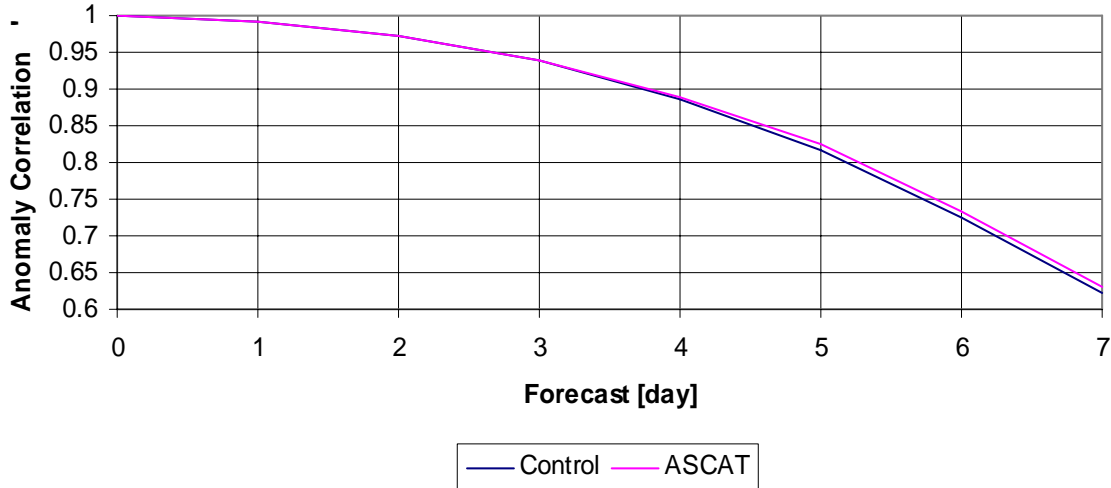
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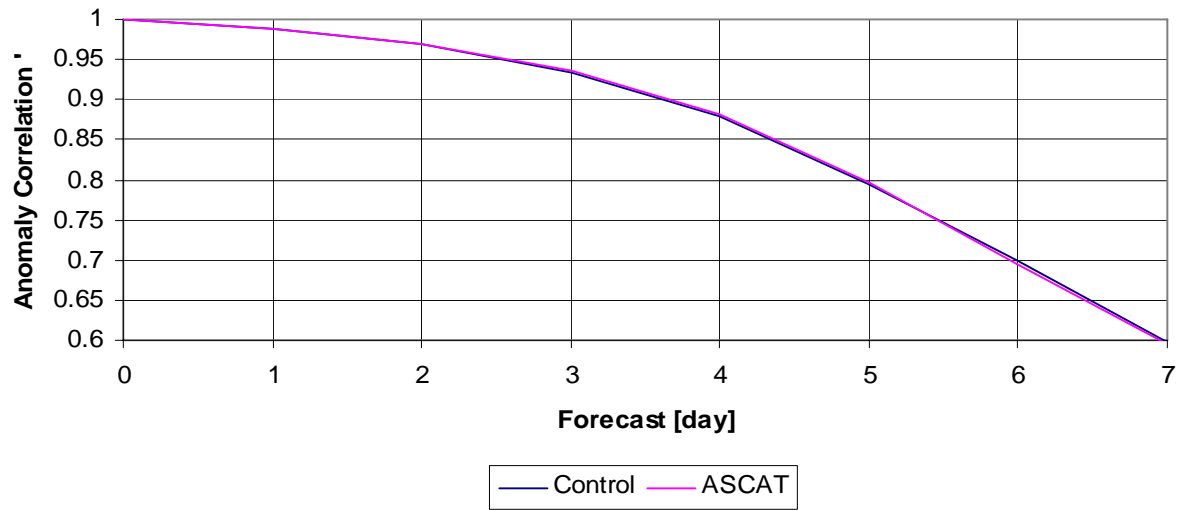
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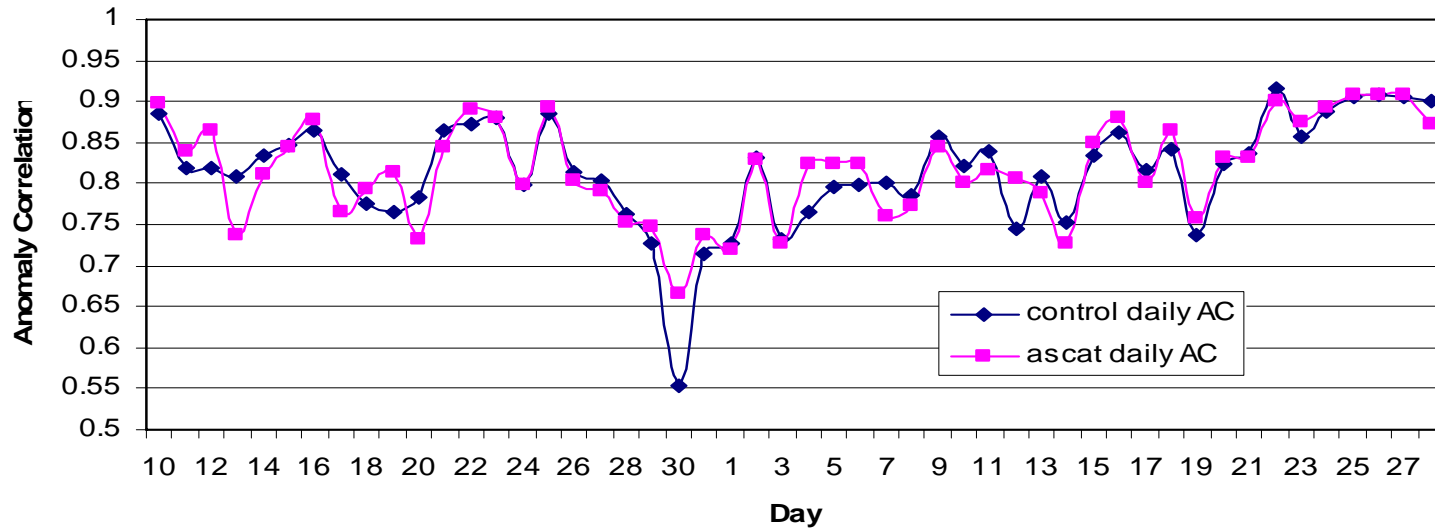
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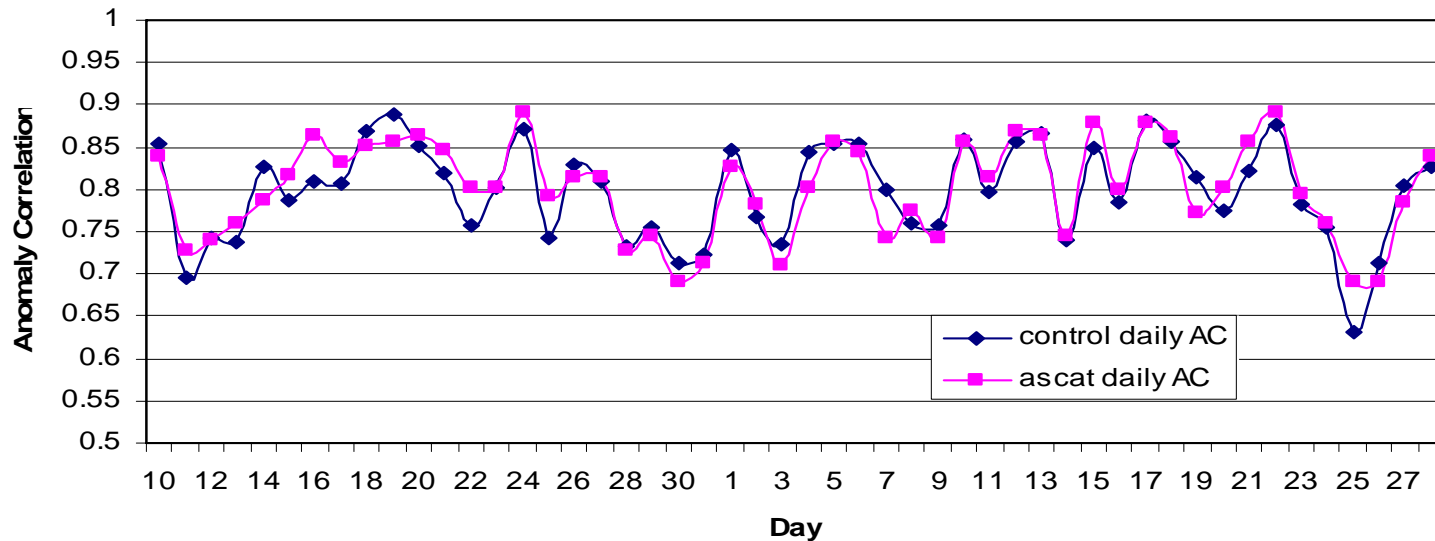
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20S - 80S Waves 1-20
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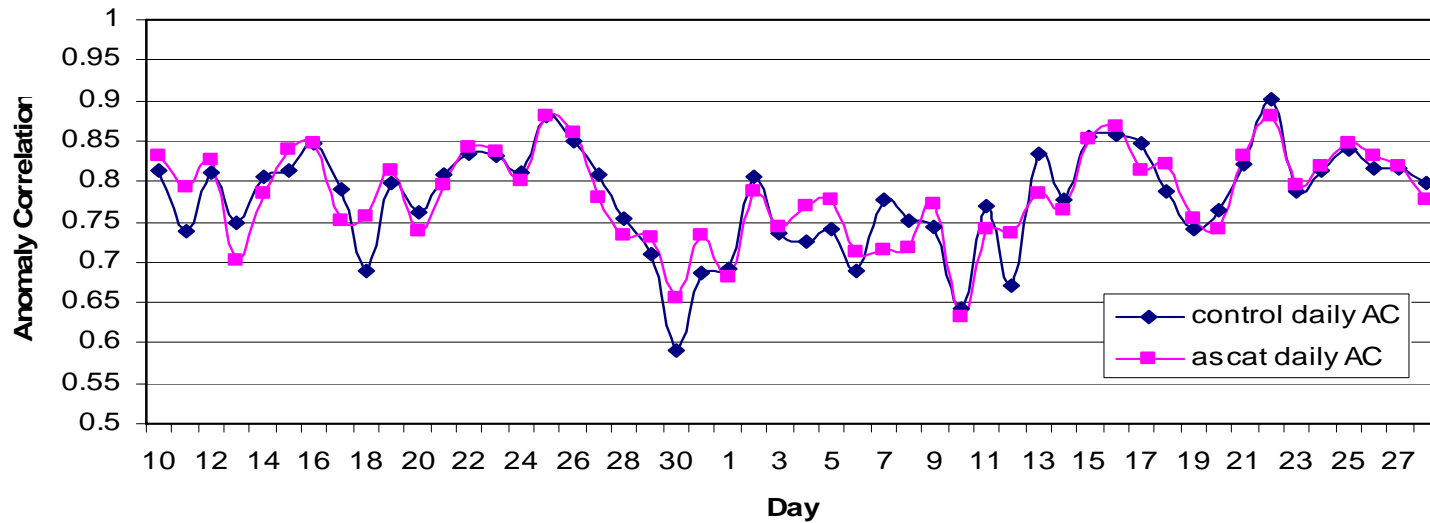
**500 hPa Anomaly Correlation
Northern Hemisphere 5 Day Fcst Z
July - August 2007**



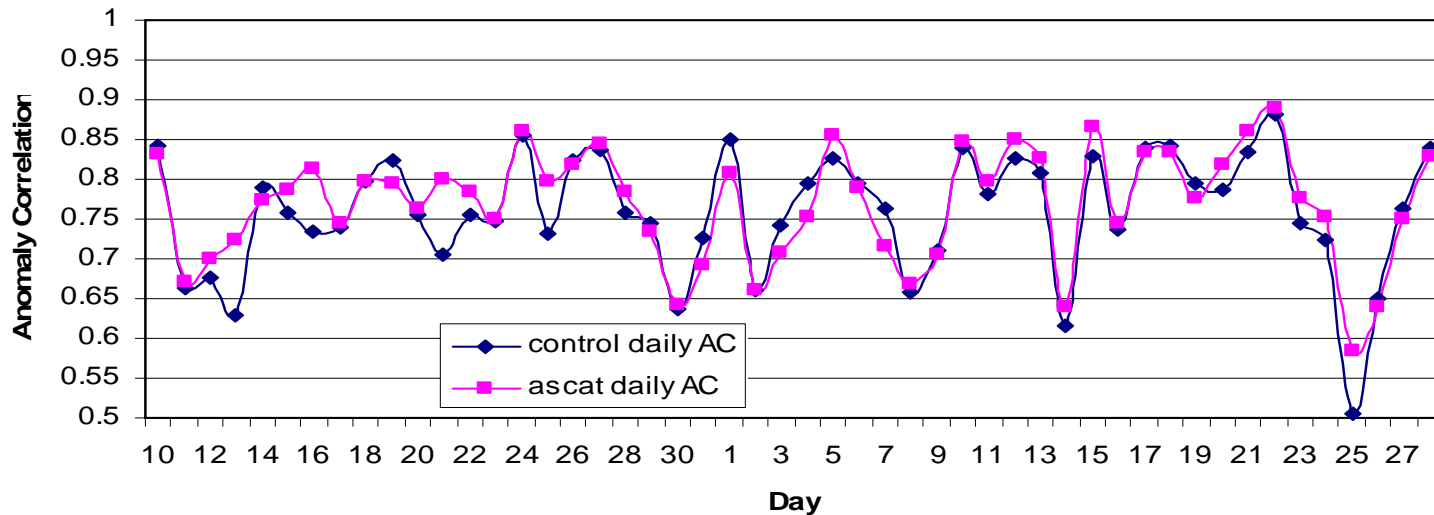
**500 hPa Anomaly Correlation
Southern Hemisphere 5 Day Fcst Z
July - August 2007**



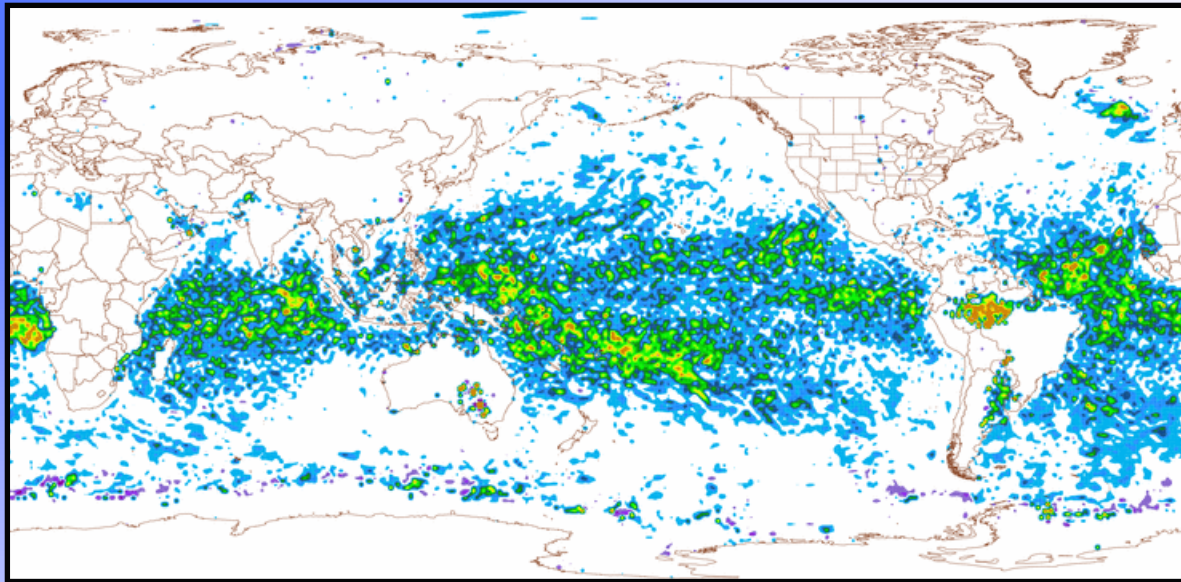
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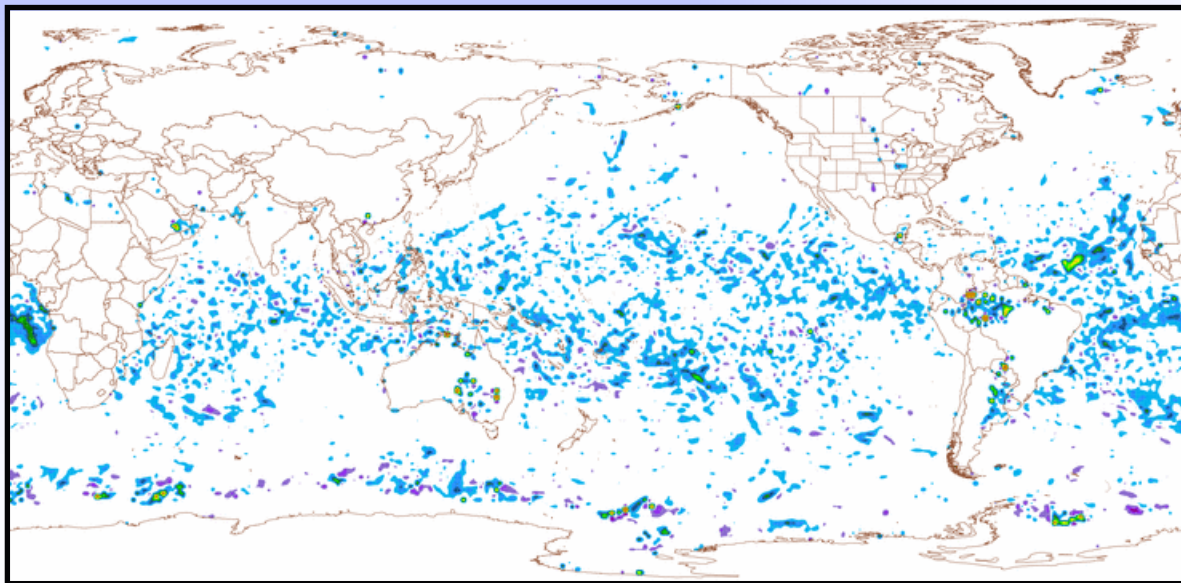
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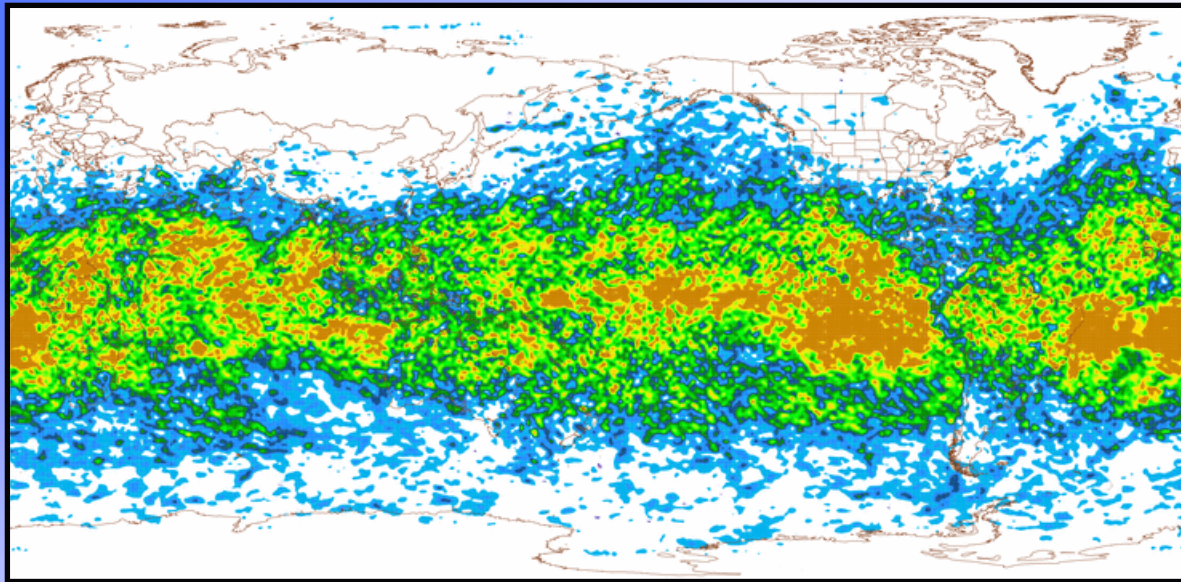
(a) 1000hPa TEMP FCST IMPACT [%] 6HR ASCAT 1-31 Jan 2008



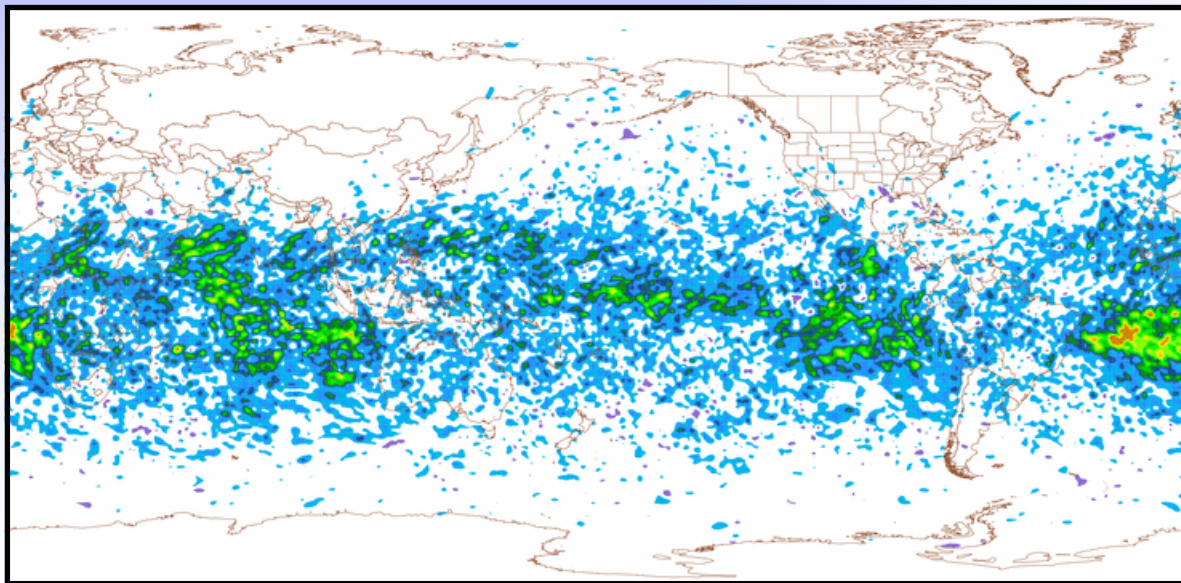
(b) 1000hPa TEMP FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Jan 2008



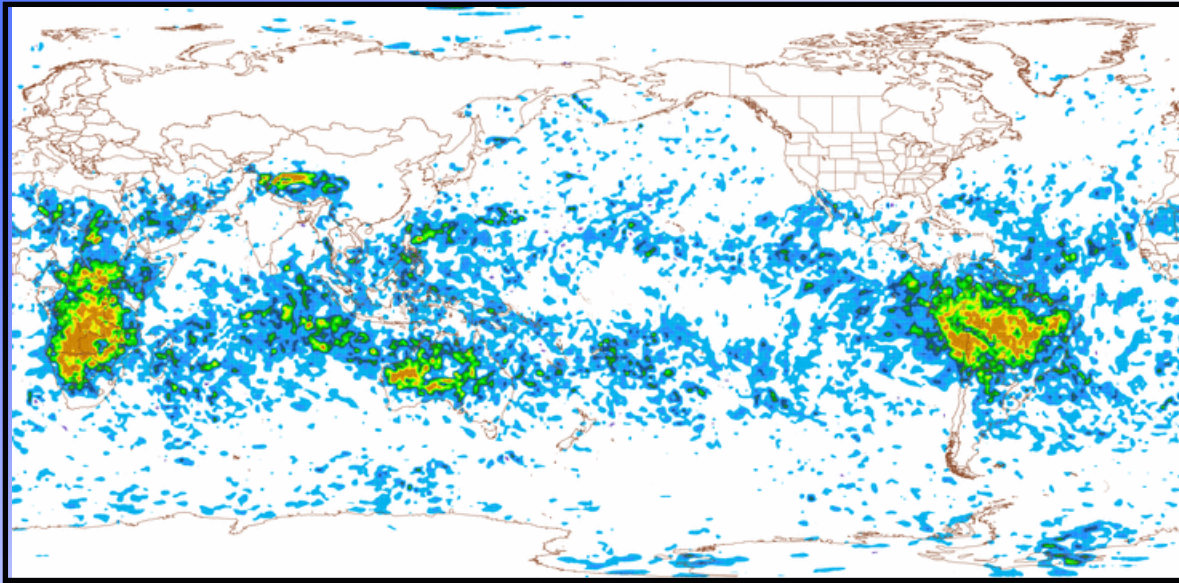
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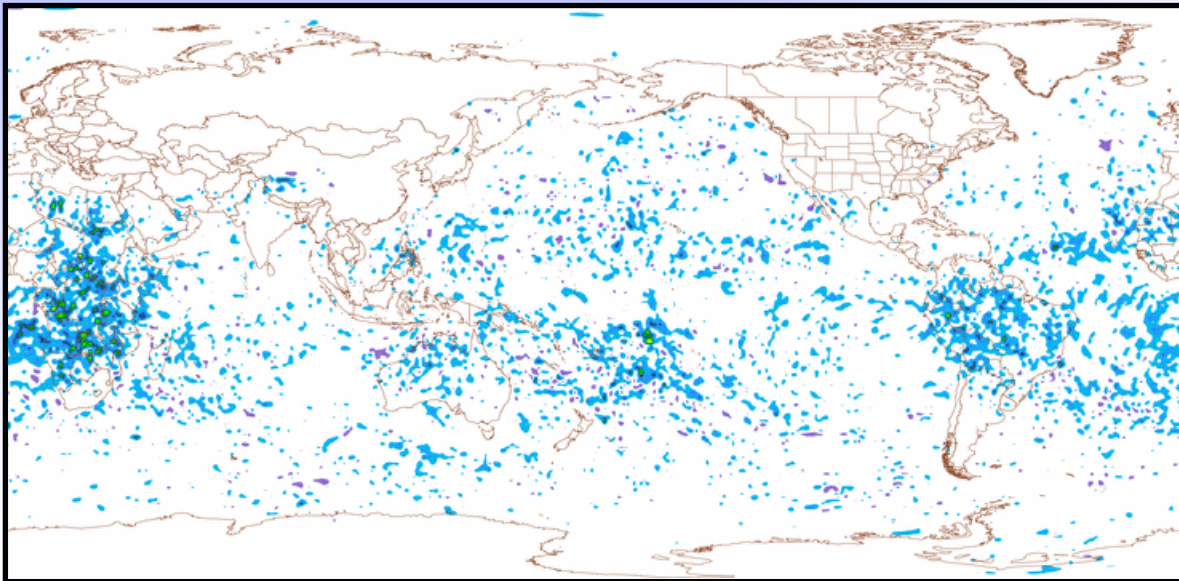
(b) 500hPa TEMP FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Jan 2008



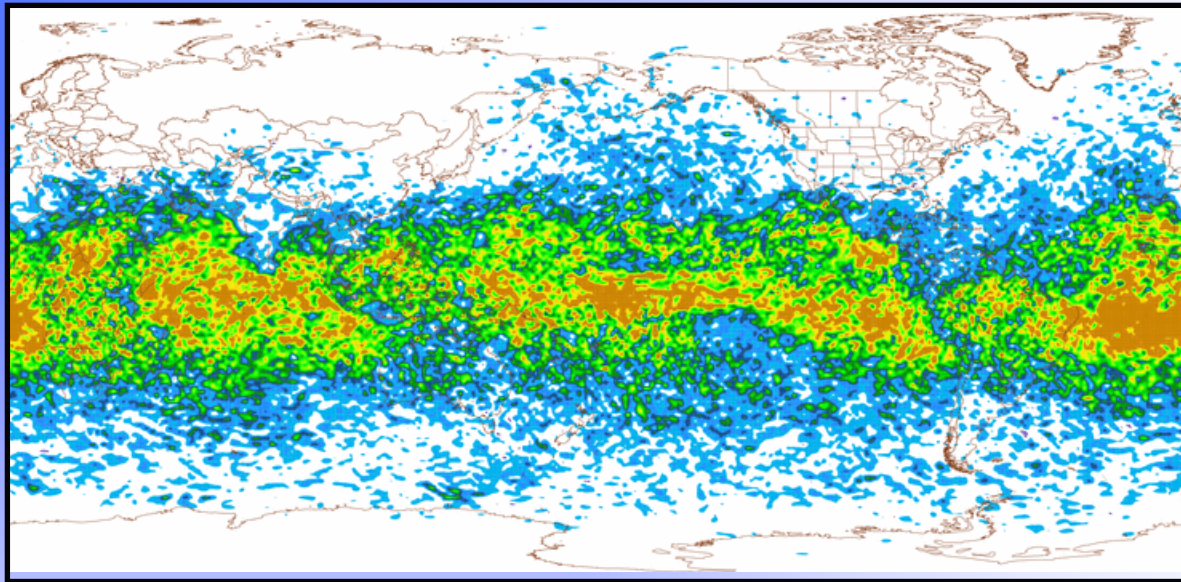
(a) 10m WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 6HR ASCAT 1-31 Jan 2008



(b) 10m WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Jan 2008



(a) 500hPa WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 6HR ASCAT 1-31 Jan 2008



(b) 500hPa WIND SPEED FCST IMPACT [%] 24HR ASCAT 1-31 Jan 2008

